

Chapter V-1.1, r. 42

REGULATION 81-106 RESPECTING INVESTMENT FUND CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE

Securities Act

(chapter V-1.1, s. 331.1)

PART 1 DEFINITIONS AND APPLICATIONS

1.1. Definitions

In this Regulation

“annual management report of fund performance” means a document prepared in accordance with Part B of Form 81-106F1;

“current value” means, for an asset held by, or a liability of, an investment fund, the value calculated in accordance with Canadian GAAP;

“designated rating” has the same meaning as in paragraph (b) of the definition of “designated rating” in Regulation 81-102 respecting Investment Funds (chapter V-1.1, r. 39);

“education savings plan” means an agreement between one or more persons and another person or organization, in which the other person or organization agrees to pay or cause to be paid, to or for one or more beneficiaries designated in connection with the agreement, scholarship awards;

“EVCC” means an employee venture capital corporation that does not have a restricted constitution, and is registered under Part 2 of the Employee Investment Act (British Columbia), (R.S.B.C. 1996 c. 112), and whose business objective is making multiple investments;

“financial statements” includes interim financial reports;

“independent review committee” means the independent review committee of the investment fund established under Regulation 81-107 respecting Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds (chapter V-1.1, r. 43);

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

“independent valuation” means a valuation of the assets and liabilities, or of the venture investments, of a labour sponsored or venture capital fund that contains the opinion of an independent valuator as to the current value of the assets and liabilities, or of the venture investments, and that is prepared in accordance with Part 8;

“independent valuator” means a valuator that is independent of the labour sponsored or venture capital fund and that has appropriate qualifications;

“interim management report of fund performance” means a document prepared in accordance with Part C of Form 81-106F1;

“interim period” means, in relation to an investment fund,

(a) a period of at least 3 months that ends 6 months before the end of a financial year of the investment fund, or

(b) in the case of a transition year of the investment fund, a period commencing on the first day of the transition year and ending 6 months after the end of its old financial year;

“investment fund” means a mutual fund or a non-redeemable investment fund, and, for greater certainty in British Columbia, includes an EVCC and a VCC, and in Québec, any reporting issuer referred to in subsection 1.2(4);

“labour sponsored or venture capital fund” means an investment fund that is

(a) a labour sponsored investment fund corporation or a labour sponsored venture capital corporation under provincial legislation,

(b) a registered or prescribed labour sponsored venture capital corporation as defined in the Income Tax Act (R.S.C. 1985, c. 1 (5th Suppl.)),

(c) an EVCC, or

(d) a VCC;

“management expense ratio” means the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the expenses of an investment fund to its average net asset value, calculated in accordance with Part 15;

“management fees” means the total fees paid or payable by an investment fund to its manager or one or more portfolio advisers or sub-advisers, including incentive or performance fees, but excluding operating expenses of the investment fund;

“management report of fund performance” means an annual management report of fund performance or an interim management report of fund performance;

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

“material change” means, in relation to an investment fund,

(a) a change in the business, operations or affairs of the investment fund that would be considered important by a reasonable investor in determining whether to purchase or continue to hold securities of the investment fund, or

(b) a decision to implement a change referred to in paragraph (a) made

(i) by the board of directors of the investment fund or the board of directors of the manager of the investment fund or other persons acting in a similar capacity,

(ii) by senior management of the investment fund who believe that confirmation of the decision by the board of directors or such other persons acting in a similar capacity is probable, or

(iii) by senior management of the manager of the investment fund who believe that confirmation of the decision by the board of directors of the manager or such other persons acting in a similar capacity is probable,

“material contract” means, for an investment fund, a document that the investment fund would be required to list in an annual information form under Item 16 of Form 81-101F2 if the investment fund filed a simplified prospectus under Regulation 81-101 respecting Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure (chapter V-1.1, r. 38);

“mutual fund in the jurisdiction” means an incorporated or unincorporated mutual fund that is a reporting issuer in, or that is organized under the laws of, the local jurisdiction, but does not include a private mutual fund, as defined in Regulation 62-103 respecting the Early Warning System and Related Take-over Bid and Insider Reporting Issues (chapter V-1.1, r. 34);

“net asset value” means the value of the total assets of the investment fund less the value of the total liabilities, other than net assets attributable to securityholders, of the investment fund, as at a specific date, determined in accordance with Part 14;

“non-redeemable investment fund” means an issuer,

(a) whose primary purpose is to invest money provided by its securityholders,

(b) that does not invest,

(i) for the purpose of exercising or seeking to exercise control of an issuer, other than an issuer that is a mutual fund or a non-redeemable investment fund, or

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(ii) *for the purpose of being actively involved in the management of any issuer in which it invests, other than an issuer that is a mutual fund or a non-redeemable investment fund, and*

(c) *that is not a mutual fund;*

“publicly accountable enterprise” means a publicly accountable enterprise as defined in the Handbook;

“quarterly portfolio disclosure” means the disclosure prepared in accordance with Part 6;

“scholarship award” means any amount, other than a refund of contributions, that is paid or payable directly or indirectly to further the education of a beneficiary designated under an education savings plan;

“scholarship plan” means an arrangement under which contributions to education savings plans are pooled to provide scholarship awards to designated beneficiaries;

“statement of changes in financial position” means a statement of changes in equity or a statement of changes in net assets attributable to securityholders;

“transition year” means the financial year of an investment fund in which a change of year end occurs;

“VCC” means a venture capital corporation registered under Part 1 of the Small Business Venture Capital Act (British Columbia), (R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 429) whose business objective is making multiple investments; and

“venture investment” means an investment in a private company or an investment made in accordance with the requirements of provincial labour sponsored or venture capital fund legislation or the Income Tax Act.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 1.1; M.O. 2006-03, s. 1; M.O. 2008-12, s. 1; M.O. 2013-23, s. 1; M.O. 2018-03, s. 1.

1.2. Application

(1) *Except as otherwise provided in this Regulation, this Regulation applies to*

(a) *an investment fund that is a reporting issuer; and*

(b) *a mutual fund in the jurisdiction.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(2) *Despite paragraph (1)(b), in Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba and Newfoundland and Labrador, this Regulation does not apply to a mutual fund that is not a reporting issuer.*

(3) *(paragraph revoked).*

(4) *Despite subsection 1, in Québec, this Regulation does not apply to a reporting issuer organized under*

(a) an Act to establish the Fonds de solidarité des travailleurs du Québec (F.T.Q.) (chapter F-3.2.1);

(b) an Act to establish Fondation, le Fonds de développement de la Confédération des syndicats nationaux pour la coopération et l'emploi (chapter F-3.1.2); or

(c) an Act constituting Capital régional et coopératif Desjardins, Loi constituant Capital régional et coopératif Desjardins (chapter C-6.1).

M.O. 2005-05, s. 1.2; M.O. 2014-05, s. 1; M.O. 2017-04, s. 1.

1.3. Interpretation

(1) *Each section, part, class or series of a class of securities of an investment fund that is referable to a separate portfolio of assets is considered to be a separate investment fund for the purposes of this Regulation.*

(2) *Unless defined in section 1.1 of this regulation, terms defined in Regulation 81-102 respecting Investment Funds (chapter V 1.1, r. 39) and used in this Regulation have the respective meanings ascribed to them in that regulation.*

(3) *Terms defined in Regulation 81-104 respecting Commodity Pools (chapter V-1.1, r. 40) or Regulation 81-105 respecting Mutual Fund Sales Practices (chapter V-1.1, r. 41) and used in this Regulation have the respective meanings ascribed to them in those regulations except that the references in those definitions to “mutual fund” must be read as references to “investment fund”.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 1.3; M.O. 2014-05, s. 2; M.O. 2019-03, s. 2.

1.4. Language of Documents

(1) *A document that is required to be filed under this Regulation must be prepared in French or English.*

(2) *Despite subsection 1, if an investment fund files a document in French or in English, and a translation of the document into the other language is sent to a*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

securityholder, the investment fund must file the translated document not later than when it is sent to the securityholder.

(3) In Québec, the linguistic obligations and rights prescribed by Québec law must be complied with.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 1.4.

PART 2 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1. Comparative Annual Financial Statements and Auditor's Report

(1) An investment fund must file annual financial statements for the investment fund's most recently completed financial year that include

(a) a statement of financial position as at the end of that financial year and a statement of financial position as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year;

(b) a statement of comprehensive income for that financial year and a statement of comprehensive income for the immediately preceding financial year;

(c) a statement of changes in financial position for that financial year and a statement of changes in financial position for the immediately preceding financial year;

(d) for financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, a statement of cash flows for that financial year and a statement of cash flows for the immediately preceding financial year;

(e) a statement of investment portfolio as at the end of that financial year;

(f) a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the immediately preceding financial year if the investment fund discloses in its annual financial statements an unreserved statement of compliance with IFRS and the investment fund:

(i) applies an accounting policy retrospectively in its annual financial statements,

(ii) makes a retrospective restatement of items in its annual financial statements, or

(iii) reclassifies items in its annual financial statements; and

(g) notes to the annual financial statements.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(2) Annual financial statements filed under subsection (1) must be accompanied by an auditor's report.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.1; M.O. 2013-23, s. 2.

2.2. Filing Deadline for Annual Financial Statements

The annual financial statements and auditor's report required to be filed under section 2.1 must be filed on or before the 90th day after the investment fund's most recently completed financial year.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.2.

2.3. Interim Financial Report

An investment fund must file an interim financial report for the investment fund's most recently completed interim period that includes

(a) a statement of financial position as at the end of that interim period and a statement of financial position as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year;

(b) a statement of comprehensive income for that interim period and a statement of comprehensive income for the corresponding period in the immediately preceding financial year;

(c) a statement of changes in financial position for that interim period and a statement of changes in financial position for the corresponding period in the immediately preceding financial year;

(d) for financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, a statement of cash flows for that interim period and a statement of cash flows for the corresponding period in the immediately preceding financial year;

(e) a statement of investment portfolio as at the end of that interim period; and

(f) a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the immediately preceding financial year if the investment fund discloses in its interim financial report an unreserved statement of compliance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the investment fund:

(i) applies an accounting policy retrospectively in its interim financial report,

(ii) makes a retrospective restatement of items in its interim financial report, or

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

- (iii) *reclassifies items in its interim financial report; and*
- (g) *notes to the interim financial report.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.3; M.O. 2013-23, s. 4.

2.4. Filing Deadline for Interim Financial Report

The interim financial report required to be filed under section 2.3 must be filed on or before the 60th day after the end of the most recent interim period of the investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.4; M.O. 2013-23, s. 4.

2.5. Approval of Financial Statements

(1) *The board of directors of an investment fund that is a corporation must approve the financial statements of the investment fund before those financial statements are filed or made available to securityholders or potential purchasers of securities of the investment fund.*

(2) *The trustee or trustees of an investment fund that is a trust, or another person or company authorized to do so by the constating documents of the investment fund, must approve the financial statements of the investment fund, before those financial statements are filed or made available to securityholders or potential purchasers of securities of the investment fund.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.5.

2.6. Acceptable Accounting Principles

(1) *For financial years beginning before January 1, 2014, the financial statements of an investment fund must be prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP applicable to public enterprises.*

(2) *For financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the financial statements of an investment fund must be prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP applicable to publicly accountable enterprises.*

(3) *Financial statements must be prepared in accordance with the same accounting principles for all periods presented in the financial statements.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.6; M.O. 2013-23, s. 5.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

2.7. Acceptable Auditing Standards

(1) *Financial statements that are required to be audited must be audited in accordance with Canadian GAAS.*

(2) *For financial years beginning before January 1, 2014, audited financial statements must be accompanied by an auditor's report prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAS and the following requirements:*

1. *The auditor's report must not contain a reservation or express a modified opinion.*

2. *The auditor's report must identify all financial periods presented for which the auditor has issued an auditor's report.*

3. *If the investment fund has changed its auditor and a comparative period presented in the financial statements was audited by a different auditor, the auditor's report must refer to the former auditor's report on the comparative period.*

4. *The auditor's report must identify the auditing standards used to conduct the audit and the accounting principles used to prepare the financial statements.*

(3) *For financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, audited financial statements must be accompanied by an auditor's report prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAS and the following requirements:*

1. *The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion.*

2. *The auditor's report identifies all financial periods presented for which the auditor has issued an auditor's report.*

3. *The auditor's report is in the form specified by Canadian GAAS for an audit of financial statements prepared in accordance with a fair presentation framework.*

4. *The auditor's report refers to IFRS as the applicable fair presentation framework.*

5. *If the investment fund has changed its auditor and a comparative period presented in the financial statements was audited by a predecessor auditor, the financial statements are accompanied by the predecessor auditor's report on the comparative period or the auditor's report refers to the predecessor auditor's report on the comparative period.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.7; M.O. 2013-23, s. 5.

2.8. Acceptable Auditors

An auditor's report must be prepared and signed by a person or company that is authorized to sign an auditor's report by the laws of a jurisdiction of Canada, and that meets the professional standards of that jurisdiction.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.8.

2.9. Change in Year End

(1) This section applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

(2) Section 4.8 of Regulation 51-102 respecting Continuous Disclosure Obligations (chapter V-1.1, r. 24) applies to an investment fund that changes its financial year end, except that

(a) a reference to "interim period" must be read as "interim period" as defined in this Regulation;

(b) a requirement under Regulation 51-102 respecting Continuous Disclosure Obligations to include specified financial statements must be read as a requirement to include the financial statements required under this Part; and

(c) a reference to "filing deadline" in subsection 4.8(2) of Regulation 51-102 respecting Continuous Disclosure Obligations must be read as a reference to the filing deadlines provided for under section 2.2 and 2.4 of this Regulation.

(3) Despite section 2.4, an investment fund is not required to file an interim financial report for any period in a transition year if the transition year is less than 9 months in length.

(4) Despite paragraphs 4.8(7)(a) and (b) and (8)(a) and (b) of Regulation 51-102 respecting Continuous Disclosure Obligations,

(a) for an interim financial report for an interim period in the transition year, the investment fund must include as comparative information

(i) a statement of financial position as at the end of its old financial year;
and

(ii) a statement of comprehensive income, a statement of changes in financial position, and a statement of cash flows, for the interim period of the old financial year;

(b) for an interim financial report for an interim period in a new financial year, the investment fund must include as comparative information

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(i) a statement of financial position as at the end of the transition year;
and

(ii) a statement of comprehensive income, a statement of changes in financial position, and a statement of cash flows, for the period that is one year earlier than the interim period in the new financial year.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.9; M.O. 2008-12, s. 2; M.O. 2013-23, s. 7.

2.10. Change in Legal Structure

If an investment fund that is a reporting issuer is party to an amalgamation, arrangement, merger, winding-up, reorganization or other transaction that will result in

- (a) the investment fund terminating or ceasing to be a reporting issuer,
- (b) another entity becoming an investment fund,
- (c) a change in the investment fund's financial year end, or
- (d) a change in the name of the investment fund,

the investment fund must, as soon as practicable, and in any event not later than the deadline for the first filing required by this Regulation following the transaction, file a notice stating:

- (e) the names of the parties to the transaction;
- (f) a description of the transaction;
- (g) the effective date of the transaction;
- (h) if applicable, the names of each party that terminated or ceased to be a reporting issuer following the transaction and of each continuing entity;
- (i) if applicable, the date of the investment fund's first financial year end following the transaction; and
- (j) if applicable, the periods, including the comparative periods, if any, of the interim financial report and annual financial statements required to be filed for the investment fund's first financial year following the transaction.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.10; M.O. s. 3; M.O. 2013-23, s. 8.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

2.11. Filing Exemption for Mutual Funds that are Non-Reporting Issuers

A mutual fund that is not a reporting issuer is exempt from the filing requirements of section 2.1 for a financial year or section 2.3 for an interim period if

(a) the mutual fund prepares the applicable financial statements in accordance with this Regulation;

(b) the mutual fund delivers the financial statements to its securityholders in accordance with Part 5 within the same time periods as if the financial statements were required to be filed;

(c) the mutual fund has advised the securities regulatory authority that it is relying on this exemption not to file its financial statements; and

(d) the mutual fund has included in a note to the financial statements that it is relying on this exemption not to file its financial statements.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.11.

2.12. Disclosure of Auditor Review of Interim Financial Report

(1) This section applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

(2) If an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial report required to be filed, the interim financial report must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the interim financial report has not been reviewed by an auditor.

(3) If an investment fund engaged an auditor to perform a review of the interim financial report required to be filed and the auditor was unable to complete the review, the interim financial report must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the auditor was unable to complete a review of the interim financial report and the reasons why.

(4) If an auditor has performed a review of the interim financial report required to be filed and the auditor has expressed a reservation in the auditor's interim review report, the interim financial report must be accompanied by a written review report from the auditor.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 2.12; M.O. 2013-23, s. 9.

PART 3 FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

3.1. Statement of Financial Position

The statement of financial position of an investment fund must disclose the following as separate line items, each shown at current value:

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

1. *cash, term deposits and, if not included in the statement of investment portfolio, short term debt instruments.*
2. *investments.*
3. *accounts receivable relating to securities issued.*
4. *accounts receivable relating to portfolio assets sold.*
5. *accounts receivable relating to margin paid or deposited on futures or forward contracts.*
6. *amounts receivable or payable in respect of derivatives transactions, including premiums or discounts received or paid.*
7. *deposits with brokers for portfolio securities sold short.*
8. *accrued expenses.*
9. *accrued incentive arrangements or performance compensation.*
10. *portfolio securities sold short.*
11. *liabilities for securities redeemed.*
12. *liabilities for portfolio assets purchased.*
13. *income tax payable.*
14. *total equity or net assets attributable to securityholders and, if applicable, for each class or series.*
15. *total equity per security or net assets attributable to securityholders per security, or if applicable, per security of each class or series.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.1; M.O. 2008-12, s. 4; M.O. 2013-23, s. 10.

3.2. Statement of Comprehensive Income

The statement of comprehensive income of an investment fund must disclose the following information as separate line items:

1. *dividend revenue.*
2. *interest revenue.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

3. *income from derivatives.*
4. *revenue from securities lending.*
5. *management fees, excluding incentive or performance fees.*
6. *incentive or performance fees.*
7. *audit fees.*
8. *directors' or trustees' fees.*
- 8.1. *independent review committee fees.*
9. *custodial fees.*
10. *legal fees.*
- 10.1. *commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.*
11. *securityholder reporting costs.*
12. *(paragraph repealed).*
13. *amounts that would otherwise have been payable by the investment fund that were waived or paid by the manager or a portfolio adviser of the investment fund.*
14. *income tax.*
15. *(paragraph repealed).*
16. *realized gains or losses.*
17. *unrealized gains or losses.*
- 17.1 *if recognized as an expense, distributions, showing separately the amount distributed out of net investment income and out of realized gains on portfolio assets sold.*
18. *increase or decrease in total equity from operations, or in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations, excluding distributions, and, if applicable, for each class or series.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

19. *increase or decrease in total equity from operations per security, or in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations, excluding distributions, per security or if applicable, per security of each class or series.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.2; M.O. 2006-03, s. 2; M.O. 2008-12, s. 5; M.O. 2013-23, s. 11.

3.3. **Statement of Changes in Financial Position**

The statement of changes in financial position of an investment fund must disclose, for each class or series, the following as separate line items:

1. *total equity or net assets attributable to securityholders at the beginning of the period.*
2. *(paragraph repealed).*
3. *proceeds from the issuance of securities of the investment fund.*
4. *aggregate amounts paid on redemption of securities of the investment fund.*
5. *securities issued on reinvestment of distributions.*
6. *if not recognized as an expense, distributions, showing separately the amount distributed out of net investment income and out of realized gains on portfolio assets sold.*
 - 6.1. *return of capital.*
7. *total equity or net assets attributable to securityholders at the end of the period.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.3; M.O. 2013-23, s. 12.

3.4. **Statement of Cash Flows**

The statement of cash flows of an investment fund must disclose the following as separate line items:

1. *(paragraph repealed).*
2. *proceeds of disposition of portfolio assets.*
3. *payments for the purchase of portfolio assets.*
4. *proceeds from the issuance of securities of the investment fund.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

5. aggregate amounts paid on redemption of securities of the investment fund.
6. compensation paid in respect of the sale of securities of the investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.4; M.O. 2013-23, s. 13.

3.5. Statement of Investment Portfolio

(1) The statement of investment portfolio of an investment fund must disclose the following for each portfolio asset held or sold short:

1. the name of the issuer of the portfolio asset.
 2. a description of the portfolio asset, including
 - (a) for an equity security, the name of the class of the security.
 - (b) for a debt instrument not included in paragraph (c), all characteristics commonly used commercially to identify the instrument, including the name of the instrument, the interest rate of the instrument, the maturity date of the instrument, whether the instrument is convertible or exchangeable and, if used to identify the instrument, the priority of the instrument.
 - (c) for a debt instrument referred to in the definition of “money market fund” in Regulation 81-102 respecting Investment Funds (chapter V-1.1, r. 39), the name, interest rate and maturity date of the instrument.
 - (d) for a portfolio asset not referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c), the name of the portfolio asset and the material terms and conditions of the portfolio asset commonly used commercially in describing the portfolio asset.
 3. the number or aggregate face value of the portfolio asset.
 4. the cost of the portfolio asset.
 5. the current value of the portfolio asset.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), disclosure for a long portfolio must be segregated from the disclosure for a short portfolio.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (1) and subject to subsection (2), disclosure must be aggregated for portfolio assets having the same description and issuer.
- (4) (paragraph revoked).

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(5) *(paragraph revoked).*

(6) *If an investment fund holds positions in derivatives, the investment fund must disclose in the statement of investment portfolio or the notes to that statement,*

(a) for long and short positions in options,

(i) the quantity of the underlying interest, the number of options, the underlying interest, the strike price, the expiration month and year, the cost and the current value, and

(ii) if the underlying interest is a future, information about the future in accordance with subparagraph (i);

(b) for positions in futures and forwards, the number of futures and forwards, the underlying interest, the price at which the contract was entered into, the delivery month and year and the current value;

(c) for positions in swaps, the number of swap contracts, the underlying interest, the principal or notional amount, the payment dates, and the current value; and

(d) if a rating of a counterparty has fallen below the designated rating level.

(7) *If applicable, the statement of investment portfolio included in the financial statements of the investment fund, or the notes to the statement of investment portfolio, must identify the underlying interest that is being hedged by each position taken by the investment fund in a derivative.*

(8) *An investment fund may omit the information required by subsection (1) about mortgages from a statement of investment portfolio if the statement of investment portfolio discloses*

(a) the total number of mortgages held;

(b) the aggregate current value of mortgages held;

(c) a breakdown of mortgages, by reference to number and current value among mortgages insured under the National Housing Act (R.S.C. 1985, c. N-11), insured conventional mortgages and uninsured conventional mortgages;

(d) a breakdown of mortgages, by reference to number and current value, among mortgages that are pre-payable and those that are not pre-payable; and

(e) a breakdown of mortgages, by reference to number, current value, amortized cost and outstanding principal value, among groups of mortgages having contractual interest rates varying by no more than one quarter of 1%.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(9) *An investment fund must maintain records of all portfolio transactions undertaken by the investment fund.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.5; M.O. 2012-07, s. 1; M.O. 2013-09, a. 1; M.O. 2014-05, s. 5.

3.6. Notes to Financial Statements

(1) *The notes to the financial statements of an investment fund must disclose the following:*

1. *the basis for determining current value and cost of portfolio assets and, if a method of determining cost other than by reference to the average cost of the portfolio assets is used, the method used;*

1.1 *for financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the basis for classifying the investment fund's outstanding securities, or each class or series of outstanding securities, as either equity instruments or financial liabilities.*

2. *if the investment fund has outstanding more than one class or series of securities ranking equally against its net assets, but differing in other respects,*

(a) *the number of authorized securities of each class or series;*

(b) *the number of securities of each class or series that have been issued and are outstanding;*

(c) *the differences between the classes or series, including differences in sales charges, and management fees;*

(d) *the method used to allocate income and expenses, and realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, to each class;*

(e) *the fee arrangements for any class-level expenses paid to affiliates;*
and

(f) *transactions involving the issue or redemption of securities of the investment fund undertaken in the period for each class of securities to which the financial statements pertain.*

3. *to the extent the amount is ascertainable, the portion of the total client brokerage commissions, as defined in Regulation 23-102 respecting Use of Client Brokerage Commissions (chapter V-1.1, r. 7), paid or payable to dealers by the investment fund for the provision of goods or services by the dealers or third parties, other than order execution.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

4. the total cost of distribution of the investment fund's securities recorded in the statement of changes in financial position.

5. the net asset value per security as at the date of the financial statements compared to the total equity per security or net assets attributable to securityholders per security as shown on the statement of financial position, and an explanation of each of the differences between these amounts.

(2) If not disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, an investment fund that borrows money must, in a note to the financial statements, disclose the minimum and maximum amount borrowed during the period to which the financial statements or management report of fund performance pertain.

(3) For financial years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the notes to the financial statements must disclose

(a) in the case of annual financial statements, an unreserved statement of compliance with IFRS; and

(b) in the case of interim financial reports, an unreserved statement of compliance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.6; M.O. 2008-12, s. 7; M.O. 2012-07, s. 2; M.O. 2013-23, s. 15.

3.7. Inapplicable Line Items

Despite the requirements of this Part, an investment fund may omit a line item from the financial statements for any matter that does not apply to the investment fund or for which the investment fund has nothing to disclose.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.7.

3.8. Disclosure of Securities Lending Transactions

(1) An investment fund must disclose, in the statement of investment portfolio included in the financial statements of the investment fund, or in the notes to the financial statements,

(a) the aggregate dollar value of portfolio securities that were lent in the securities lending transactions of the investment fund that are outstanding as at the date of the financial statements; and

(b) the type and aggregate amount of collateral received by the investment fund under securities lending transactions of the investment fund that are outstanding as at the date of the financial statements.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(2) *The statement of financial position of an investment fund that has received cash collateral from a securities lending transaction that is outstanding as of the date of the financial statements must disclose separately*

- (a) *the cash collateral received by the investment fund; and*
- (b) *the obligation to repay the cash collateral.*

(3) *The statement of comprehensive income of an investment fund must disclose income from a securities lending transaction as revenue.*

(4) *An investment fund must include, in the notes to the financial statements, a reconciliation of the gross amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the investment fund to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income of the investment fund under item 4 of section 3.2.*

(5) *The disclosure referred to in subsection (4) must include each of the following:*

- (a) *the name of each person who was entitled to receive payments out of the gross amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the investment fund;*
- (b) *the amount each recipient named under paragraph (a) was entitled to receive;*
- (c) *the aggregate of the amounts disclosed under paragraph (b) as a percentage of the gross amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the investment fund.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.8; M.O. 2013-23, s. 16; M.O. 2014-05, s. 3.

3.9. Disclosure of Repurchase Transactions

(1) *An investment fund, in the statement of investment portfolio included in the financial statements of the investment fund, or in the notes to that statement, must, for a repurchase transaction of the investment fund that is outstanding as at the date of the statement, disclose*

- (a) *the date of the transaction;*
- (b) *the expiration date of the transaction;*
- (c) *the nature and current value of the portfolio securities sold by the investment fund;*
- (d) *the amount of cash received and the repurchase price to be paid by the investment fund; and*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(e) *the current value of the sold portfolio securities as at the date of the statement.*

(2) *The statement of financial position of an investment fund that has entered into a repurchase transaction that is outstanding as of the date of the statement of net assets must disclose separately the obligation of the investment fund to repay the collateral.*

(3) *The statement of comprehensive income of an investment fund must disclose income from the use of the cash received on a repurchase transaction as revenue.*

(4) *The information required by this section may be presented on an aggregate basis.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.9; M.O. 2013-23, s. 17.

3.10. Disclosure of Reverse Repurchase Transactions

(1) *An investment fund, in the statement of investment portfolio or in the notes to that statement, must, for a reverse repurchase transaction of the investment fund that is outstanding as at the date of the statement, disclose*

(a) *the date of the transaction;*

(b) *the expiration date of the transaction;*

(c) *the total dollar amount paid by the investment fund;*

(d) *the nature and current value or principal amount of the portfolio securities received by the investment fund; and*

(e) *the current value of the purchased portfolio securities as at the date of the statement.*

(2) *The statement of financial position of an investment fund that has entered into a reverse repurchase transaction that is outstanding as of the date of the financial statements must disclose separately the reverse repurchase agreement relating to the transaction at current value.*

(3) *The statement of comprehensive income of an investment fund must disclose income from a reverse repurchase transaction as revenue.*

(4) *The information required by this section may be presented on an aggregate basis.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.10; M.O. 2013-23, s. 18.

3.11. Scholarship Plans

(1) *In addition to the requirements of this Part, an investment fund that is a scholarship plan must disclose, as of the end of its most recently completed financial year, a separate statement or schedule to the financial statements that provides*

(a) *a summary of education savings plans and units outstanding by year of eligibility, including*

(i) *disclosure of the number of units by year of eligibility for the opening units, units purchased, units forfeited and the ending units,*

(ii) *disclosure of the principal amounts and the accumulated income per year of eligibility, and their total balances, and*

(iii) *a reconciliation of the total balances of the principal amounts and the accumulated income in the statement or schedule to the statement of financial position of the scholarship plan;*

(b) *the total number of units outstanding; and*

(c) *a statement of scholarship awards paid to beneficiaries, and a reconciliation of the amount of scholarship awards paid with the statement of comprehensive income.*

(2) *Despite sections 3.1 and 3.2, an investment fund that is a scholarship plan may omit the “total equity per security or net assets attributable to securityholders per security” and “increase or decrease in total equity from operations per security, or in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations, excluding distributions, per security” line items from its financial statements.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 3.11; M.O. 2008-12, s. 8; M.O. 2013-23, s. 19.

PART 4 MANAGEMENT REPORTS OF FUND PERFORMANCE

4.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 4.1.

4.2. Filing of Management Reports of Fund Performance

An investment fund, other than an investment fund that is a scholarship plan, must file an annual management report of fund performance for each financial year and an interim management report of fund performance for each interim period at the same time

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

that it files its annual financial statements or its interim financial report for that financial period.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 4.2; M.O. 2013-23, s. 20.

4.3. Filing of Annual Management Report of Fund Performance for an Investment Fund that is a Scholarship Plan

An investment fund that is a scholarship plan must file an annual management report of fund performance for each financial year at the same time that it files its annual financial statements.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 4.3.

4.4. Contents of Management Reports of Fund Performance

A management report of fund performance required by this Part must

- (a) be prepared in accordance with Form 81-106F1; and
- (b) not incorporate by reference information from any other document that is required to be included in a management report of fund performance.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 4.4.

4.5. Approval of Management Reports of Fund Performance

(1) The board of directors of an investment fund that is a corporation must approve the management report of fund performance of the investment fund before the report is filed or made available to a holder or potential purchaser of securities of the investment fund.

(2) The trustee or trustees of an investment fund that is a trust, or another person or company authorized to do so by the constating documents of the investment fund, must approve the management report of fund performance of the investment fund before the report is filed or made available to a holder or potential purchaser of securities of the investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 4.5.

PART 5 DELIVERY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT REPORTS OF FUND PERFORMANCE

5.1. Delivery of Certain Continuous Disclosure Documents

(1) In this Part, “securityholder” means a registered holder or beneficial owner of securities issued by an investment fund.

(2) An investment fund must send to a securityholder, by the filing deadline for the document, the following:

(a) annual financial statements;

(b) the interim financial report;

(c) if required to be prepared by the investment fund, the annual management report of fund performance;

(d) if required to be prepared by the investment fund, the interim management report of fund performance.

(3) An investment fund must apply the procedures set out in Regulation 54-101 respecting Communication with Beneficial Owners of Securities of a Reporting Issuer (chapter V-1.1, r. 29) when complying with this Part.

(4) Despite subsection (3), Regulation 54-101 respecting Communication with Beneficial Owners of Securities of a Reporting Issuer does not apply to an investment fund with respect to a requirement under this Part if the investment fund has the necessary information to communicate directly with a beneficial owner of its securities.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 5.1; M.O. 2013-23, s. 21.

5.2. Sending According to Standing Instructions

(1) Subsection 5.1(2) does not apply to an investment fund that requests standing instructions from a securityholder in accordance with this section and sends the documents listed in subsection 5.1(2) according to those instructions.

(2) An investment fund relying on subsection 5.2(1) must send, to each securityholder, a document that

(a) explains the choices a securityholder has to receive the documents listed in subsection 5.1(2);

(b) solicits instructions from the securityholder about delivery of those documents; and

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(c) explains that the instructions provided by the securityholder will continue to be followed by the investment fund until they are changed by the securityholder.

(3) If a person or company becomes a securityholder of an investment fund, the investment fund must solicit instructions in accordance with subsection (2) from the securityholder as soon as reasonably practicable after the investment fund accepts a purchase order from the securityholder.

(4) An investment fund must rely on instructions given under this section until a securityholder changes them.

(5) At least once a year, an investment fund must send each securityholder a reminder that

(a) the securityholder is entitled to receive the documents listed in subsection 5.1(2);

(b) the investment fund is relying on delivery instructions provided by the securityholder;

(c) explains how a securityholder can change the instructions it has given; and

(d) the securityholder can obtain the documents on the SEDAR website and on the investment fund's website, if applicable, and by contacting the investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 5.2.

5.3. Sending According to Annual Instructions

(1) Subsection 5.1(2) does not apply to an investment fund that requests annual instructions from a securityholder in accordance with this section and sends the documents listed in subsection 5.1(2) according to those instructions.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an investment fund that has previously relied on subsection 5.2(1).

(3) An investment fund relying on subsection 5.3(1) must send annually to each securityholder a request form the securityholder may use to instruct the investment fund as to which of the documents listed in subsection 5.1(2) the securityholder wishes to receive.

(4) The request form described in subsection (3) must be accompanied by a notice explaining that

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(a) the securityholder is providing delivery instructions for the current year only; and

(b) the documents are available on the SEDAR website and on the investment fund's website, if applicable, and by contacting the investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 5.3.

5.4. General

(1) If a securityholder requests any of the documents listed in subsection 5.1(2), an investment fund must send a copy of the requested documents by the later of

(a) the filing deadline for the requested document; and

(b) 10 calendar days after the investment fund receives the request.

(2) An investment fund must not charge a fee for sending the documents referred to in this Part and must ensure that securityholders can respond without cost to the solicitations of instructions required by this Part.

(3) Investment funds under common management may solicit one set of delivery instructions from a securityholder that will apply to all of the investment funds under common management held by that securityholder.

(4) Despite subsection 7.1(3), for the purposes of delivery to a securityholder, an investment fund may bind its management report of fund performance with the management report of fund performance for one or more other investment funds if the securityholder holds each investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 5.4.

5.5. Websites

An investment fund that is a reporting issuer and that has a website must post to the website any documents listed in subsection 5.1(2) no later than the date that those documents are filed.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 5.5.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

PART 6 QUARTERLY PORTFOLIO DISCLOSURE

6.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer, other than a scholarship plan or a labour sponsored or venture capital fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 6.1.

6.2. Preparation and Dissemination

(1) *An investment fund must prepare quarterly portfolio disclosure that includes*

(a) *a summary of investment portfolio prepared in accordance with Item 5 of Part B of Form 81-106F1 as at the end of*

(i) *each period of at least 3 months that ends 3 or 9 months before the end of a financial year of the investment fund; or*

(ii) *in the case of a transition year of the investment fund, each period commencing on the first day of the transition year and ending either 3, 9 or 12 months, if applicable, after the end of its old financial year; and*

(b) *the total net asset value of the investment fund as at the end of the periods specified in (a)(i) or (ii).*

(2) *An investment fund that has a website must post to the website the quarterly portfolio disclosure within 60 days of the end of the period for which the quarterly portfolio disclosure was prepared.*

(3) *An investment fund must promptly send the most recent quarterly portfolio disclosure, without charge, to any securityholder of the investment fund, upon a request made by the securityholder 60 days after the end of the period to which the quarterly portfolio disclosure pertains.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 6.2.

PART 7 BINDING AND PRESENTATION

7.1. Binding of Financial Statements and Management Reports of Fund Performance

(1) *An investment fund must not bind its financial statements with the financial statements of another investment fund in a document unless all information relating to the investment fund is presented together and not intermingled with information relating to the other investment fund.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(2) Despite subsection (1), if a document contains the financial statements of more than one investment fund, the notes to the financial statements may be combined and presented in a separate part of the document.

(3) An investment fund must not bind its management report of fund performance with the management report of fund performance for another investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 7.1.

7.2. Multiple Class Investment Funds

(1) An investment fund that has more than one class or series of securities outstanding that are referable to a single portfolio must prepare financial statements and management reports of fund performance that contain information concerning all of the classes or series.

(2) If an investment fund has more than one class or series of securities outstanding, the distinctions between the classes or series must be disclosed in the financial statements and management reports of fund performance.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 7.2.

PART 8 INDEPENDENT VALUATIONS FOR LABOUR SPONSORED OR VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS

8.1. Application

This Part applies to a labour sponsored or venture capital fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 8.1.

8.2. Exemption from Requirement to Disclose Individual Current Values for Venture Investments

Despite item 5 of subsection 3.5(1), a labour sponsored or venture capital fund is exempt from the requirement to present separately in a statement of investment portfolio the current value of each venture investment that does not have a market value if

(a) the labour sponsored or venture capital fund discloses in the statement of investment portfolio

(i) the cost amounts for each venture investment,

(ii) the total cost of the venture investments,

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(iii) the total adjustment from cost to current value of the venture investments, and

(iv) the total current value of the venture investments;

(b) the labour sponsored or venture capital fund discloses in the statement of investment portfolio tables showing the distribution of venture investments by stage of development and by industry classification including

(i) the number of venture investments in each stage of development and industry class,

(ii) the total cost and aggregate current value of the venture investments for each stage of development and industry class, and

(iii) the total cost and aggregate current value of venture investments for each stage of development and industry class as a percentage of total venture investments;

(c) for a statement of investment portfolio contained in annual financial statements, the labour sponsored or venture capital fund has obtained an independent valuation relating to the value of the venture investments or to the net assets of the fund and has filed the independent valuation concurrently with the filing of the annual financial statements;

(d) for a statement of investment portfolio contained in an interim financial report, the labour sponsored or venture capital fund obtained and filed the independent valuation referred to in paragraph (c) in connection with the preparation of the most recent annual financial statements of the labour sponsored or venture capital fund; and

(e) the labour sponsored or venture capital fund has disclosed in the applicable financial statements that an independent valuation has been obtained as of the end of the applicable financial year.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 8.2; M.O. 2008-12, s. 9; M.O. 2013-23, s. 23.

8.3. Disclosure Concerning Independent Valuator

A labour sponsored or venture capital fund that obtains an independent valuation must include, in the statement of investment portfolio contained in its annual financial statements, or in the notes to the annual financial statements,

(a) a description of the independent valuator's qualifications, and

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(b) a description of any past, present or anticipated relationship between the independent valuator and the labour sponsored or venture capital fund, its manager or portfolio adviser.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 8.3.

8.4. Content of Independent Valuation

An independent valuation must provide the aggregate current value of the venture investments or of the total equity or net assets attributable to securityholders of the labour sponsored or venture capital fund as at the fund's financial year end.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 8.4; M.O. 2008-12, s. 10; M.O. 2013-23, s. 25.

8.5. Independent Valuator's Consent

A labour sponsored or venture capital fund obtaining an independent valuation must

(a) obtain the independent valuator's consent to its filing; and

(b) include a statement in the valuation report, signed by the independent valuator, in substantially the following form:

"We refer to the independent valuation of the [total equity/net assets attributable to securityholders/venture investments] of [name of labour sponsored or venture capital fund] as of [date of financial year end] dated. We consent to the filing of the independent valuation with the securities regulatory authorities."

M.O. 2005-05, s. 8.5; M.O. 2013-23, s. 26.

PART 9 ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

9.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 9.1.

9.2. Requirement to File Annual Information Form

An investment fund must file an annual information form if the investment fund has not obtained a receipt for a prospectus during the last 12 months preceding its financial year end.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 9.2; M.O. 2008-12, s. 11.

9.3. Filing Deadline for Annual Information Form

An investment fund required under section 9.2 to file an annual information form must file the annual information form no later than 90 days after the end of its most recently completed financial year.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 9.3.

9.4. Preparation and Content of Annual Information Form

(1) *An annual information form required to be filed under section 9.2 must be prepared as of the end of the most recently completed financial year of the investment fund to which it pertains.*

(2) *An annual information form required to be filed must be prepared in accordance with Form 81-101F2, except that*

(a) *a reference to “mutual fund” must be read as a reference to “investment fund”;*

(b) *General Instructions (3), (10) and (14) of Form 81-101F2 do not apply;*

(c) *subsections (3), (4) and (6) of Item 1.1 of Form 81-101F2 do not apply;*

(d) *subsections (3), (4) and (6) of Item 1.2 of Form 81-101F2 do not apply;*

(e) *Item 5 of Form 81-101F2 must be completed in connection with all of the securities of the investment fund;*

(f) *Item 15 of Form 81-101F2, Contents of Annual Information Form, of Regulation 81-101 respecting Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure (chapter V-1.1, r. 38) does not apply to an investment fund that is a corporation, except for the disclosure in connection with the independent review committee; and*

(g) *Items 19, 20, 21 and 22 of Form 81-101F2 do not apply.*

(3) *An investment fund required to file an annual information form must at the same time file copies of all material incorporated by reference in the annual information form that it has not previously filed.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 9.4; M.O. 2006-03, s. 3.

PART 10 PROXY VOTING DISCLOSURE FOR PORTFOLIO SECURITIES HELD

10.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 10.1.

10.2. Requirement to Establish Policies and Procedures

(1) *An investment fund must establish policies and procedures that it will follow to determine whether, and how, to vote on any matter for which the investment fund receives, in its capacity as securityholder, proxy materials for a meeting of securityholders of an issuer.*

(2) *The policies and procedures referred to in subsection (1) must include*

(a) *a standing policy for dealing with routine matters on which the investment fund may vote;*

(b) *the circumstances under which the investment fund will deviate from the standing policy for routine matters;*

(c) *the policies under which, and the procedures by which, the investment fund will determine how to vote or refrain from voting on non-routine matters; and*

(d) *procedures to ensure that portfolio securities held by the investment fund are voted in accordance with the instructions of the investment fund.*

(3) *An investment fund that has not prepared an annual information form in accordance with Part 9 or in accordance with Regulation 81-101 respecting Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure (chapter V-1.1, r. 38) must include a summary of the policies and procedures required by this section in its prospectus.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 10.2.

10.3. Proxy Voting Record

An investment fund must maintain a proxy voting record that includes, for each time that the investment fund receives, in its capacity as securityholder, materials relating to a meeting of securityholders of a reporting issuer or the equivalent of a reporting issuer in a foreign jurisdiction,

(a) *the name of the issuer;*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

- (b) *the exchange ticker symbol of the portfolio securities, unless not readily available to the investment fund;*
- (c) *the CUSIP number for the portfolio securities;*
- (d) *the meeting date;*
- (e) *a brief identification of the matter or matters to be voted on at the meeting;*
- (f) *whether the matter or matters voted on were proposed by the issuer, its management or another person or company;*
- (g) *whether the investment fund voted on the matter or matters;*
- (h) *if applicable, how the investment fund voted on the matter or matters; and*
- (i) *whether votes cast by the investment fund were for or against the recommendations of management of the issuer.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 10.3; M.O. 2008-12, s. 12.

10.4. Preparation and Availability of Proxy Voting Record

- (1) *An investment fund must prepare a proxy voting record on an annual basis for the period ending on June 30 of each year.*
- (2) *An investment fund that has a website must post the proxy voting record to the website no later than August 31 of each year.*
- (3) *An investment fund must promptly send the most recent copy of the investment fund's proxy voting policies and procedures and proxy voting record, without charge, to any securityholder upon a request made by the securityholder after August 31.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 10.4.

PART 11 MATERIAL CHANGE REPORTS

11.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 11.1.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

11.2. Publication of Material Change

(1) If a material change occurs in the affairs of an investment fund, the investment fund must

(a) promptly issue and file a news release that is authorized by an executive officer of the manager of the investment fund and that discloses the nature and substance of the material change;

(b) post all disclosure made under paragraph (a) on the website of the investment fund or the investment fund manager;

(c) as soon as practicable, but in any event no later than 10 days after the date on which the change occurs, file a report containing the information required by Form 51-102F3, except that a reference in Form 51-102F3 to

(i) the term “material change” must be read as “material change” under this Regulation;

(ii) “section 7.1 of Regulation 51-102” in Item 3 of Part 2 must be read as a reference to “section 11.2 of Regulation 81-106”;

(iii) “subsection 7.1(2) of Regulation 51-102” in Item 6 of Part 2 must be read as a reference to “subsection 11.2(2) of Regulation 81-106”;

(iv) “subsection 7.1(5) of Regulation 51-102” in Items 6 and 7 of Part 2 must be read as a reference to “subsection 11.2(4) of Regulation 81-106”; and

(v) “executive officer of your company” in Item 8 of Part 2 must be read as a reference to “officer of the investment fund or of the manager of the investment fund”; and

(d) file an amendment to its prospectus, simplified prospectus, fund facts document or ETF facts document that discloses the material change in accordance with the requirements of securities legislation.

(2) If

(a) in the opinion of the board of directors or trustee of an investment fund or the manager, and if that opinion is arrived at in a reasonable manner, the disclosure required by subsection (1) would be unduly detrimental to the investment fund's interest; or

(b) the material change

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(i) consists of a decision to implement a change made by senior management of the investment fund or senior management of the manager of the investment fund who believe that confirmation of the decision by the board of directors or persons acting in a similar capacity is probable; and

(ii) senior management of the investment fund or senior management of the manager of the investment fund has no reason to believe that persons with knowledge of the material change have made use of that knowledge in purchasing or selling securities of the investment fund,

the investment fund may, instead of complying with subsection (1), immediately file the report required under paragraph (1)(c) marked to indicate that it is confidential, together with written reasons for non-disclosure.

(3) (paragraph revoked).

(4) If a report has been filed under subsection (2), the investment fund must advise the securities regulatory authority in writing within 10 days of the initial filing of the report if it believes the report should continue to remain confidential and every 10 days thereafter until the material change is generally disclosed in the manner referred to in subsection (1) or, if the material change consists of a decision of the type referred to in paragraph (2)(b), until that decision has been rejected by the board of directors of the investment fund or the board of directors of the manager of the investment fund.

(5) Despite filing a report under subsection (2), an investment fund must promptly and generally disclose the material change in the manner referred to in subsection (1) upon the investment fund becoming aware, or having reasonable grounds to believe, that a person or company is purchasing or selling securities of the investment fund with knowledge of the material change that has not been generally disclosed.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 11.2; M.O. 2008-10, s. 1; M.O. 2010-14, s. 1; M.O. 2017-04, s. 2.

PART 12 PROXY SOLICITATION AND INFORMATION CIRCULARS

12.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 12.1.

12.2. Sending of Proxies and Information Circulars

(1) If management of an investment fund or the manager of an investment fund gives or intends to give notice of a meeting to registered holders of the investment fund, management or the manager must, at the same time as or before giving that notice, send

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

to each registered holder who is entitled to notice of the meeting a form of proxy for use at the meeting.

(2) A person or company that solicits proxies from registered holders of an investment fund must

(a) in the case of a solicitation by or on behalf of management of the investment fund, send with the notice of meeting to each registered holder whose proxy is solicited a completed Form 51-102F5; or

(b) in the case of a solicitation by or on behalf of any person or company other than management of the investment fund, at the same time as or before the solicitation, send a completed Form 51-102F5 and a form of proxy to each registered holder whose proxy is solicited.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 12.2; M.O. 2008-10, s. 2.

12.3. Exemption

(1) Subsection 12.2(2) does not apply to a solicitation by a person or company in respect of securities of which the person or company is the beneficial owner.

(2) Paragraph 12.2(2)(b) does not apply to a solicitation if the total number of securityholders whose proxies are solicited is not more than 15.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2), 2 or more persons or companies who are joint registered owners of one or more securities are considered to be one securityholder.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 12.3.

12.4. Compliance with Regulation 51-102

A person or company that solicits proxies under section 12.2 must comply with sections 9.3 and 9.4 of Regulation 51-102 respecting Continuous Disclosure Obligations (chapter V-1.1, r. 24) as if those sections applied to the person or company.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 12.4.

PART 13 CHANGE OF AUDITOR DISCLOSURE

13.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 13.1.

13.2. Change of Auditor

Section 4.11 of Regulation 51-102 respecting Continuous Disclosure Obligations (chapter V-1.1, r. 24) applies to an investment fund that changes its auditor, except that references in that section to the “board of directors” are to be read as references to,

(a) if the investment fund is a corporation, the “board of directors of the investment fund”, or

(b) if the investment fund is a trust, the “trustee or trustees or another person or company authorized by the constating documents of the investment fund”.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 13.2.

PART 14 CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

14.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 14.1.

14.2. Calculation, Frequency and Currency

(1) *The net asset value of an investment fund must be calculated using the fair value of the investment fund’s assets and liabilities.*

(1.1) *The net asset value of an investment fund must include the income and expenses of the investment fund accrued up to the date of calculation of the net asset value.*

(1.2) *For the purposes of paragraph (1), fair value means*

(a) *the market value based on reported prices and quotations in an active market, or*

(b) *if the market value is not available, or the manager of the investment fund believes that it is unreliable, a value that is fair and reasonable in all the relevant circumstances.*

(1.3) *The manager of an investment fund must*

(a) *establish and maintain appropriate written policies and procedures for determining the fair value of the investment fund’s assets and liabilities; and*

(b) *consistently follow those policies and procedures.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(1.4) *The manager of an investment fund must maintain a record of the determination of fair value and the reasons supporting that determination.*

(2) *For the purposes of calculating net asset value for purchases and redemptions of its securities as required by Parts 9 and 10 of Regulation 81-102 respecting Investment Funds (chapter V-1.1, r. 39), a labour sponsored or venture capital fund that has included a deferred charge for sales commissions in the calculation may continue to do so, provided that*

(a) *the calculation reflects the amortization of this deferred charge over the remaining amortization period, and*

(b) *the labour sponsored or venture capital fund ceased adding to this deferred charge by December 31, 2003.*

(3) *An investment fund must calculate its net asset value at least as frequently as the following:*

(a) *if the investment fund does not use specified derivatives or sell securities short, once a week;*

(b) *if the investment fund uses specified derivatives or sells securities short, once every business day.*

(4) *A mutual fund that holds securities of other mutual funds must have dates for the calculation of net asset value that are compatible with those of the other mutual funds.*

(5) *Despite paragraph (3)(a), an investment fund that, at June 1, 2005, calculates net asset value no less frequently than once a month may continue to calculate net asset value at least as frequently as it does at that date.*

(6) *The net asset value of an investment fund must be calculated in the currency of Canada or in the currency of the United States of America or both.*

(6.1) *An investment fund must, upon calculating the net asset value of the investment fund under this section, make the following information available to the public at no cost:*

(a) *the net asset value of the investment fund;*

(b) *the net asset value per security of the investment fund unless the investment fund is a scholarship plan.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(7) An investment fund that arranges for the publication of its net asset value or net asset value per security in the financial press must ensure that its current net asset value or net asset value per security is provided on a timely basis to the financial press.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 14.2; M.O. 2008-12, s. 13; M.O. 2012-07, s. 3; M.O. 2014-05, s. 5.

14.3. Portfolio Transactions

The net asset value of an investment fund must include each purchase or sale of a portfolio asset no later than in the next calculation of the net asset value after the date the purchase or sale becomes binding.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 14.3.

14.4. Capital Transactions

The investment fund must include each issue or redemption of a security of the investment fund in the next calculation of net asset value the investment fund makes after the calculation of net asset value used to establish the issue or redemption price.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 14.4.

PART 15 CALCULATION OF MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO

15.1. Calculation of Management Expense Ratio

(1) An investment fund may disclose its management expense ratio only if the management expense ratio is calculated for the financial year or interim period of the investment fund and if it is calculated by

(a) dividing

(i) the aggregate of

(A) total expenses of the investment fund, excluding distributions if recognized as an expense, commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, before income taxes, for the financial year or interim period, as shown on its statement of comprehensive income;

(B) any other fee, charge or expense of the investment fund that has the effect of reducing the investment fund's net asset value;

by

(ii) the average net asset value of the investment fund for the financial year or interim period, obtained by

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(A) adding together the net asset values of the investment fund as at the close of business of the investment fund on each day during the financial year or interim period on which the net asset value of the investment fund has been calculated, and

(B) dividing the amount obtained under clause (A) by the number of days during the financial year or interim period on which the net asset value of the investment fund has been calculated; and

(b) multiplying the result obtained under paragraph (a) by 100.

(2) If any fees and expenses otherwise payable by an investment fund in a financial year or interim period were waived or otherwise absorbed by a member of the organization of the investment fund, the investment fund must disclose, in a note to the disclosure of its management expense ratio, details of

(a) what the management expense ratio would have been without any waivers or absorptions;

(b) the length of time that the waiver or absorption is expected to continue;

(c) whether the waiver or absorption can be terminated at any time by the member of the organization of the investment fund; and

(d) any other arrangements concerning the waiver or absorption.

(3) Investment fund expenses rebated by a manager or an investment fund to a securityholder must not be deducted from total expenses of the investment fund in determining the management expense ratio of the investment fund.

(4) An investment fund that has separate classes or series of securities must calculate a management expense ratio for each class or series, in the manner required by this section, modified as appropriate.

(5) The management expense ratio of an investment fund for a financial period of less than or greater than 12 months must be annualized.

(6) If an investment fund provides its management expense ratio to a service provider that will arrange for public dissemination of the management expense ratio,

(a) the investment fund must provide the management expense ratio calculated in accordance with this Part; and

(b) the requirement to provide note disclosure contained in subsection (2) does not apply if the investment fund indicates, as applicable, that fees have been waived,

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

expenses have been absorbed, or that fees or expenses were paid directly by investors during the period for which the management expense ratio was calculated.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 15.1; M.O. 2008-12, s. 14; M.O. 2013-23, s. 29.

15.2. Fund of Funds Calculation

(1) For the purposes of subparagraph 15.1(1)(a)(i), the total expenses for a financial year or interim period of an investment fund that invests in securities of other investment funds is equal to the sum of

(a) the total expenses incurred by the investment fund that are for the period for which the calculation of the management expense ratio is made and that are attributable to its investment in each underlying investment fund, as calculated by

(i) multiplying the total expenses of each underlying investment fund, excluding distributions if recognized as an expense, commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, before income taxes, for the financial year or interim period, by

(ii) the average proportion of securities of the underlying investment fund held by the investment fund during the financial year or interim period, calculated by

(A) adding together the proportion of securities of the underlying investment fund held by the investment fund on each day in the period, and

(B) dividing the amount obtained under clause (A) by the number of days in the period; and

(b) the total expenses of the investment fund, excluding distributions if recognized as an expense, commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, before income taxes, for the period.

(2) An investment fund that has exposure to one or more other investment funds through the use of derivatives in a financial year or interim period must calculate its management expense ratio for the financial year or interim period in the manner described in subsection (1), treating each investment fund to which it has exposure as an "underlying investment fund" under subsection (1).

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply if the derivatives do not expose the investment fund to expenses that would be incurred by a direct investment in the relevant investment funds.

(4) Management fees rebated by an underlying fund to an investment fund that invests in the underlying fund must be deducted from total expenses of the underlying fund if the

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

rebate is made for the purpose of avoiding duplication of fees between the 2 investment funds.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 15.2; M.O. 2008-12, s. 15; M.O. 2013-23, s. 30.

PART 16 ADDITIONAL FILING REQUIREMENTS

16.1. Application

This Part applies to an investment fund that is a reporting issuer.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 16.1.

16.2. Additional Filing Requirements

If an investment fund sends to its securityholders any disclosure document other than those required by this Regulation, the investment fund must file a copy of the document on the same date as, or as soon as practicable after, the date on which the document is sent to its securityholders.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 16.2.

16.3. Voting Results

An investment fund must, promptly following a meeting of securityholders at which a matter was submitted to a vote, file a report that discloses, for each matter voted upon

(a) *a brief description of the matter voted upon and the outcome of the vote; and*

(b) *if the vote was conducted by ballot, the number and percentage of votes cast, which includes votes cast in person and by proxy, for, against, or withheld from, each vote.*

M.O. 2005-05, s. 16.3.

16.4. Filing of Material Contracts

An investment fund that is not subject to Regulation 81-101 respecting Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure (chapter V-1.1, r. 38), or securities legislation that imposes a similar requirement, must file a copy of any material contract of the investment fund not previously filed, or any amendment to any material contract of the investment fund not previously filed

(a) *with the final prospectus of the investment fund; or*

(b) upon the execution of the material contract or amendment.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 16.4.

PART 17 EXEMPTIONS

17.1. Exemption

(1) The securities regulatory authority may grant an exemption from this Regulation, in whole or in part, subject to such conditions or restrictions as may be imposed in the exemption.

(2) Despite subsection (1), in Ontario only the regulator may grant an exemption from any part of this Regulation.

(3) In Québec, this exemption is granted pursuant to section 263 of the Securities Act (Chapter V-1.1).

M.O. 2005-05, s. 17.1.

PART 18 EFFECTIVE DATE AND TRANSITION

18.1. Effective Date

(Omitted).

M.O. 2005-05, s. 18.1.

18.2. (Revoked).

M.O. 2005-05, s. 18.2; M.O. 2008-12, s. 16.

18.3. (Revoked).

M.O. 2005-05, s. 18.3; M.O. 2008-12, s. 16.

18.4. (Revoked).

M.O. 2005-05, s. 18.4; M.O. 2008-12, s. 16.

18.5. (Revoked).

M.O. 2005-05, s. 18.5; M.O. 2008-12, s. 16.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

18.5.1. Transition to IFRS

(1) For the first interim period in the financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2014, an investment fund must file, with its interim financial report for that interim period, an opening statement of financial position as at the date of transition to IFRS.

(2) For the first financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2014, an investment fund must file, with its annual financial statements for that financial year, an audited opening statement of financial position as at the date of transition to IFRS.

(3) Despite sections 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 and 3.6, for financial years beginning before January 1, 2014, an investment fund may present line items and use terminology in its financial statements consistent with the immediately preceding financial year.

M.O. 2013-23, s. 31

18.5.2. Securities Lending

For financial years beginning before January 1, 2016, an investment fund is not required to comply with subsections 3.8(4) and (5).

M.O. 2014-05, s. 4.

18.6. Existing Exemptions

(1) An investment fund that has obtained an exemption or waiver from, or approval under, securities legislation, Policy Statement No. 39, Mutual Funds, Regulation 81-101 respecting Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure (chapter V-1.1, r. 38), Regulation 81-102 respecting Investment Funds (chapter V-1.1, r. 39), Regulation 81-104 respecting Commodity Pools (chapter V-1.1, r. 40) or Regulation 81-105 respecting Mutual Fund Sales Practices (chapter V-1.1, r. 41) relating to its continuous disclosure obligations is exempt from any substantially similar provision of this Regulation to the same extent and on the same conditions, if any, as contained in the exemption, waiver or approval, unless the securities regulatory authority has revoked that exemption, waiver or approval under authority provided to it in securities legislation.

(2) An investment fund must, at the time that it first intends to rely on subsection (1) in connection with a filing requirement under this Regulation, inform the securities regulatory authority in writing of

(a) the general nature of the prior exemption, waiver or approval and the date on which it was granted; and

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(b) the provision in respect of which the prior exemption, waiver or approval applied and the substantially similar provision of this Regulation.

M.O. 2005-05, s. 18.6; M.O. 2014-05, s. 5.

IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

FORM 81-106F1 CONTENTS OF ANNUAL AND INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

PART A INSTRUCTIONS AND INTERPRETATION

Item 1 General

(a) The Form

The Form describes the disclosure required in an annual or interim management report of fund performance (MRFP) of an investment fund. Each item of the Form outlines disclosure or format requirements. Instructions to help you comply with these requirements are printed in italic type.

(b) Plain Language

An MRFP must state the required information concisely and in plain language (as defined in Regulation 81-101 respecting Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure (chapter V-1.1, r. 38)). Refer to Part 1 of Policy Statement to Regulation 81-106 respecting Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure (Decision 2005-PDG-0161, 2005-06-01) for a discussion concerning plain language and presentation.

When preparing an MRFP, respond as simply and directly as is reasonably possible and include only as much information as is necessary for readers to understand the matters for which you are providing disclosure.

(c) Format

Present the MRFP in a format that assists readability and comprehension. The Form generally does not mandate the use of a specific format to achieve these goals, except in the case of disclosure of financial highlights and past performance as required by Items 3 and 4 of each of Parts B and C of the Form; that disclosure must be presented in the format specified in the Form.

An MRFP must use the headings and sub-headings shown in the Form. Within this framework, investment funds are encouraged to use, as appropriate, tables, captions, bullet points or other organizational techniques that assist in presenting the required disclosure clearly and concisely. Disclosure provided in response to any item does not need to be repeated elsewhere. The interim MRFP must use the same headings as used in the annual MRFP.

The Form does not prohibit including information beyond what the Form requires. An investment fund may include artwork and educational material (as defined in section 1.1 of Regulation 81-101 respecting Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure) in its annual and interim MRFP. However, an investment fund must take reasonable care to

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

ensure that including such material does not obscure the required information and does not lengthen the MRFP excessively.

(d) Focus on Material Information

You do not need to disclose information that is not material. You do not need to respond to any item in this Form that is inapplicable and you may omit negative answers.

(e) What is Material?

Would a reasonable investor's decision to buy, sell or hold securities of an investment fund likely be influenced or changed if the information in question was omitted or misstated? If so, the information is material. In determining whether information is material, take into account both quantitative and qualitative factors.

(f) Terminology

All references to “net assets” or “net assets per security” in this Form are references to total equity or net assets attributable to securityholders determined in accordance with Canadian GAAP as presented in the financial statements of the investment fund. All references to “net asset value” or “net asset value per security” in this Form are references to net asset value determined in accordance with Part 14 of the Regulation.

Investment funds must use net assets as shown on the financial statements in the “The Fund’s Net Assets per [Unit/Share]” table. All other calculations for the purposes of the MRFP must be made using net asset value.

Item 2 Management Discussion of Fund Performance

The management discussion of fund performance is an analysis and explanation that is designed to complement and supplement an investment fund's financial statements. The discussion is the equivalent to the corporate management discussion and analysis (MD&A) with specific modifications for investment funds. It provides the manager of an investment fund with the opportunity to discuss the investment fund's position and financial results for the relevant period. The discussion is intended to give a reader the ability to look at the investment fund through the eyes of management by providing both a historical and prospective analysis of the investment activities and operations of the investment fund. Coupled with the financial highlights, this information should enable readers to better assess the investment fund's performance and future prospects.

Focus the management discussion on material information about the performance of the investment fund, with particular emphasis on known material trends, commitments, events, risks or uncertainties that the manager reasonably expects to have a material effect on the investment fund's future performance or investment activities.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

The description of the disclosure requirements is intentionally general. This Form contains a minimum number of specific instructions in order to allow, as well as encourage, investment funds to discuss their activities in the most appropriate manner and to tailor their comments to their individual circumstances.

PART B CONTENT REQUIREMENTS FOR ANNUAL MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

Item 1 First Page Disclosure

The first page of an annual MRFP must contain disclosure in substantially the following words:

“This annual management report of fund performance contains financial highlights but does not contain the complete annual financial statements of the investment fund. You can get a copy of the annual financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling [toll-free/collect call telephone number], by writing to us at [insert address] or by visiting our website at [insert address] or SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Securityholders may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the investment fund's interim financial report proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record, or quarterly portfolio disclosure.”

INSTRUCTION:

If the MRFP is bound with the financial statements of the investment fund, modify the first page wording appropriately.

Item 2 Management Discussion of Fund Performance

2.1 Investment Objective and Strategies

Disclose under the heading “Investment Objective and Strategies” a brief summary of the fundamental investment objective and strategies of the investment fund.

INSTRUCTION:

Disclosing the fundamental investment objective provides investors with a reference point for assessing the information contained in the MRFP. It must be a concise summary of the fundamental investment objective and strategies of the investment fund, and not merely copied from the prospectus.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

2.2 Risk

Disclose under the heading "Risk" a discussion of how changes to the investment fund over the financial year affected the overall level of risk associated with an investment in the investment fund.

INSTRUCTION:

Ensure that the discussion is not merely a repeat of information contained in the prospectus of the investment fund, but rather a discussion that reflects any changes in risk level of the investment fund over the financial year.

Consider how the changes in the risks associated with an investment in the investment fund affect the suitability or investor risk tolerance stated in the prospectus or offering document. All investment funds should refer to Items 9 and 10 of Part B of Form 81-101F1 as if those sections applied to them.

2.3 Results of Operations

(1) Under the heading "Results of Operations" provide a summary of the results of operations of the investment fund for the financial year to which the MDFP pertains, including a discussion of

(a) any material changes in investments in specific portfolio assets and overall asset mix from the previous period;

(b) how the composition and changes to the composition of the investment portfolio relate to the investment fund's fundamental investment objective and strategies or to changes in the economy, markets or unusual events;

(c) unusual trends in redemptions or sales and the effect of these on the investment fund;

(d) significant components and changes to the components of revenue and expenses;

(e) risks, events, trends and commitments that had a material effect on past performance; and

(f) unusual or infrequent events or transactions, economic changes and market conditions that affected performance.

(2) An investment fund that borrows money, other than immaterial operating overdrafts, must disclose,

(a) the minimum and maximum amount borrowed during the period;

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

- (b) the percentage of net assets of the investment fund that the borrowing represented as of the end of the period;
- (c) how the borrowed money was used; and
- (d) the terms of the borrowing arrangements.

INSTRUCTION:

Explain the nature of and reasons for changes in your investment fund's performance. Do not simply disclose the amount of change in a financial statement item from period to period. Avoid the use of boilerplate language. Your discussion should assist the reader to understand the significant factors that have affected the performance of the investment fund.

2.4 Recent Developments

Under the heading "Recent Developments" discuss the developments affecting the investment fund, including

- (a) known changes to the strategic position of the investment fund;
- (b) known material trends, commitments, events or uncertainties that might reasonably be expected to affect the investment fund;
- (c) changes to the manager or portfolio adviser, or change of control of the manager, of the investment fund;
- (d) the effects of any actual or planned reorganizations, mergers or similar transactions;
- (e) the estimated effects of changes in accounting policies adopted subsequent to year end; and
- (f) changes to the composition or members of the independent review committee of the investment fund.

INSTRUCTION:

(1) Preparing the management discussion necessarily involves some degree of prediction or projection. The discussion must describe anticipated events, decisions, circumstances, opportunities and risks that management considers reasonably likely to materially impact performance. It must also describe management's vision, strategy and targets.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(2) *There is no requirement to provide forward-looking information. If any forward-looking information is provided, it must contain a statement that the information is forward-looking, a description of the factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking information, your material assumptions and appropriate risk disclosure and cautionary language. You must also discuss any forward-looking information disclosed for a prior period which, in light of intervening events and absent further explanations, may be misleading.*

2.5 Related Party Transactions

Under the heading “Related Party Transactions” discuss any transactions involving related parties to the investment fund.

INSTRUCTIONS:

(1) *In determining who is a related party, investment funds should look to the Handbook. In addition, related parties include the manager and portfolio adviser (or their affiliates) and a broker or dealer related to any of the investment fund, its manager or portfolio adviser.*

(2) *When discussing related party transactions, include the identity of the related party, the relationship to the investment fund, the purpose of the transaction, the measurement basis used to determine the recorded amount and any ongoing commitments to the related party.*

(3) *Related party transactions include portfolio transactions with related parties of the investment fund. When discussing these transactions, include the dollar amount of commission, spread or any other fee that the investment fund paid to any related party in connection with a portfolio transaction.*

(4) *If the investment fund has an independent review committee, state whether the investment fund has relied on the positive recommendation or approval of the independent review committee to proceed with the transaction, and provide details of any conditions or parameters surrounding the transaction imposed by the independent review committee.*

Item 3 Financial Highlights

3.1 Financial Highlights

(1) *Provide selected financial highlights for the investment fund under the heading “Financial Highlights” in the form of the following tables, appropriately completed, and introduced using the following words:*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

"The following tables show selected key financial information about the Fund and are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the past [insert number] years.

The Fund's Net Assets per [Unit/Share](1)

	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]
Net Assets, beginning of year	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Increase (decrease) from operations:					
total revenue	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
total expenses [excluding distributions]	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
realized gains (losses) for the period	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
unrealized gains (losses) for the period	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total increase (decrease) from operations(2)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Distributions:					
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
From dividends	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
From capital gains	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Return of capital	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Annual Distributions (3)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net assets at [insert last day of financial year] of year shown	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

(1) This information is derived from the Fund's audited annual financial statements. The net assets per security presented in the financial statements differs from the net asset value calculated for fund pricing purposes. [An explanation of these differences can be found in the notes to the financial statements./This difference is due to [explain].]

(2) Net assets and distributions are based on the actual number of [units/shares] outstanding at the relevant time. The increase/decrease from operations is based on the weighted average number of [units/shares] outstanding over the financial period.

(3) Distributions were [paid in cash/reinvested in additional [units/shares] of the Fund, or both].

Ratios and Supplemental Data

	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]
Total net asset value (000's) (1)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Number of [units/shares] outstanding (1)					
Management expense ratio (2)	%	%	%	%	%
Management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions	%	%	%	%	%
Trading expense ratio (3)	%	%	%	%	%
Portfolio turnover rate (4)	%	%	%	%	%
Net asset value per [unit/share]	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

Closing market price [if applicable]	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
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(1) This information is provided as at [insert date of end of financial year] of the year shown.

(2) Management expense ratio is based on total expenses (excluding [distributions], commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period.

(3) The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period.

(4) The Fund's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the Fund's portfolio adviser manages its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the Fund buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the year. The higher a fund's portfolio turnover rate in a year, the greater the trading costs payable by the fund in the year, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a fund.

(2) (paragraph revoked).

(3) Modify the table appropriately for corporate investment funds.

(4) Show the financial highlights individually for each class or series, if a multi-class fund.

(5) Provide per unit or per share amounts to the nearest cent, and provide percentage amounts to 2 decimal places.

(6) Except for net assets, net asset value and distributions, calculate per unit/share values on the basis of the weighted average number of unit/shares outstanding over the financial period.

(7) Provide the selected financial information required by this Item in chronological order for each of the 5 most recently completed financial years of the investment fund for which audited financial statements have been filed, with the information for the most recent financial year in the first column on the left of the table.

(7.1) (a) For financial years beginning before January 1, 2014, the financial highlights may be derived from the investment fund's financial statements prepared in accordance with subsection 2.6(1) of the Regulation.

(b) For financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014, derive the financial highlights from the investment fund's financial statements prepared in accordance with subsection 2.6(2) of the Regulation.

(c) Despite paragraph (a), in an annual MRFP for a financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2014, derive the financial highlights for the immediately preceding financial year from financial statements prepared in accordance with subsection 2.6(2) of the Regulation.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(d) *If the financial highlights relate to financial periods beginning both before and on or after January 1, 2014, disclose, in a note to the table, the accounting principles applicable to each period.*

(8) *If the investment fund has merged with another investment fund, include in the table only the financial information of the continuing investment fund.*

(9) *Calculate the management expense ratio of the investment fund as required by Part 15 of the Regulation. Include a brief description of the method of calculating the management expense ratio in a note to the table.*

(10) *If the investment fund,*

(a) *changed, or proposes to change, the basis of the calculation of the management fees or of the other fees, charges or expenses that are charged to the investment fund; or*

(b) *introduces or proposes to introduce a new fee,*

and if the change would have had an effect on the management expense ratio for the last completed financial year of the investment fund if the change had been in effect throughout that financial year, disclose the effect of the change on the management expense ratio in a note to the "Ratios and Supplemental Data" table.

(11) *Do not include disclosure concerning portfolio turnover rate for a money market fund.*

(12) (a) *Calculate the trading expense ratio by dividing*

(i) *the total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs disclosed in the statement of operations, by*

(ii) *the same denominator used to calculate the management expense ratio.*

(b) *If an investment fund invests in securities of other investment funds, calculate the trading expense ratio using the methodology required for the calculation of the management expense ratio in section 15.2 of the Regulation, making reasonable assumptions or estimates when necessary.*

(13) *Provide the closing market price only if the investment fund is traded on an exchange.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

INSTRUCTIONS:

(1) Calculate the investment fund's portfolio turnover rate by dividing the lesser of the amounts of the cost of purchases and proceeds of sales of portfolio securities for the financial year by the average of the value of the portfolio securities owned by the investment fund in the financial year. Calculate the monthly average by totalling the values of portfolio securities as at the beginning and end of the first month of the financial year and as at the end of each of the succeeding 11 months and dividing the sum by 13. Exclude from both numerator and denominator amounts relating to all portfolio securities having a remaining term to maturity on the date of acquisition by the investment fund of one year or less.

(2) Further to instruction (1), include:

(a) proceeds from a short sale in the value of the portfolio securities sold during the period;

(b) the cost of covering a short sale in the value of portfolio securities purchased during the period;

(c) premiums paid to purchase options in the value of portfolio securities purchased during the period; and

(d) premiums received from the sale of options in the value of the portfolio securities sold during the period.

(3) If the investment fund acquired the assets of another investment fund in exchange for its own shares during the financial year in a purchase-of-assets transaction, exclude from the calculation of portfolio turnover rate the value of securities acquired and sold to realign the fund's portfolio. Adjust the denominator of the portfolio turnover computation to reflect these excluded purchases and sales and disclose them in a footnote

3.2 Scholarship Plans

An investment fund that is a scholarship plan must comply with Item 3.1, except that the following table must replace "The Fund's Net Assets per [Unit/Share]" table and the "Ratios and Supplemental Data" table.

Financial & Operating Highlights (with comparative figures)

	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]	[insert year]
Statement of Financial Position					
Total Assets	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net Assets	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
% change of Net Assets	%	%	%	%	%

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

Statement of Comprehensive Income					
Scholarship Awards	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian Education Savings Grant	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net investment income	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other					
Total number or [agreements/units] in plans					
% change in the total number of agreements	%	%	%	%	%

3.3 Management Fees

Disclose the basis for calculating the management fees paid by the investment fund and a breakdown of the services received in consideration of the management fees, as a percentage of management fees.

INSTRUCTION:

The disclosure must list the major services paid for out of the management fees, including portfolio adviser compensation, waived or absorbed expenses, trailing commissions and sales commissions, if applicable. Services may be grouped together so that commercially sensitive information, such as the specific compensation paid to a portfolio adviser or the manager's profit, is not determinable.

Item 4 Past Performance

4.1 General

(1) In responding to the requirements of this Item, an investment fund must comply with sections 15.2, 15.3, 15.9, 15.10, 15.11 and 15.14 of Regulation 81-102 respecting Investment Funds (chapter V-1.1, r. 39) as if those sections applied to the annual MRFP.

(2) Despite the specific requirements of this Item, do not provide performance data for any period if the investment fund was not a reporting issuer at all times during the period.

(3) Set out in the footnotes to the chart or table required by this Item the assumptions relevant to the calculation of the performance information, including any assumptions or estimates made in order to calculate the return on the short portfolio, if applicable. Include a statement of the significance of the assumption that distributions are reinvested for taxable investments.

(4) In a general introduction to the "Past Performance" section, indicate, as applicable, that

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(a) the performance information shown assumes that all distributions made by the investment fund in the periods shown were reinvested in additional securities of the investment fund;

(b) the performance information does not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or other optional charges that would have reduced returns or performance; and

(c) how the investment fund has performed in the past does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future.

(5) Use a linear scale for each axis of the bar chart required by this Item.

(6) The x-axis must intersect the y-axis at 0 for the “Year-by-Year Returns” bar chart.

4.2 Year-by-Year Returns

(1) Provide a bar chart, under the heading “Past Performance” and under the sub-heading “Year-by-Year Returns”, that shows, in chronological order with the most recent year on the right of the bar chart, the annual total return of the investment fund for the lesser of

(a) each of the 10 most recently completed financial years; and

(b) each of the completed financial years in which the investment fund has been in existence and which the investment fund was a reporting issuer.

(2) Provide an introduction to the bar chart that

(a) indicates that the bar chart shows the investment fund's annual performance for each of the years shown, and illustrates how the investment fund's performance has changed from year to year; and

(b) indicates that the bar chart shows, in percentage terms, how much an investment made on the first day of each financial year would have grown or decreased by the last day of each financial year.

(3) If the investment fund holds short portfolio positions, show separately the annual total return for both the long portfolio positions and the short portfolio positions in addition to the overall total return.

4.3 Annual Compound Returns

(1) If the investment fund is not a money market fund, disclose, in the form of a table, under the sub-heading “Annual Compound Returns”

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

(a) the investment fund's past performance for the 10, 5, 3 and 1 year periods ended on the last day of the investment fund's financial year; and

(b) if the investment fund was a reporting issuer for more than one and less than 10 years, the investment fund's past performance since the inception of the investment fund.

(2) Include in the table, for the same periods for which the annual compound returns of the investment fund are provided, the historical annual compound total returns or changes of

(a) one or more appropriate broad-based securities market indices; and

(b) at the option of the investment fund, one or more non-securities indices or narrowly-based market indices that reflect the market sectors in which the investment fund invests.

(3) Include a brief description of the broad-based securities market index (or indices) and provide a discussion of the relative performance of the investment fund as compared to that index.

(4) If the investment fund includes in the table an index that is different from the one included in the most recently filed MRFP, explain the reasons for the change and include the disclosure required by this Item for both the new and former indices.

(5) Calculate the annual compound return in accordance with the requirements of Part 15 of Regulation 81-102 respecting Investment Funds.

(6) If the investment fund holds short portfolio positions, show separately the annual compound returns for both the long and the short portfolio positions in addition to the overall annual compound returns.

INSTRUCTIONS:

(1) An "appropriate broad-based securities market index" is one that

(a) is administered by an organization that is not affiliated with any of the mutual fund, its manager, portfolio adviser or principal distributor, unless the index is widely recognized and used; and

(b) has been adjusted by its administrator to reflect the reinvestment of dividends on securities in the index or interest on debt.

(2) It may be appropriate for an investment fund that invests in more than one type of security to compare its performance to more than one relevant index. For example, a

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

balanced fund may wish to compare its performance to both a bond index and an equity index.

(3) In addition to the appropriate broad-based securities market index, the investment fund may compare its performance to other financial or narrowly-based securities indices (or a blend of indices) that reflect the market sectors in which the investment fund invests or that provide useful comparatives to the performance of the investment fund. For example, an investment fund could compare its performance to an index that measured the performance of certain sectors of the stock market (e.g. communications companies, financial sector companies, etc.) or to a non-securities index, such as the Consumer Price Index, so long as the comparison is not misleading.

4.4 Scholarship Plans

An investment fund that is a scholarship plan must comply with this Item, except that year-by-year returns and annual compound returns must be calculated based on the scholarship plan's total portfolio adjusted for cash flows.

Item 5 Summary of Investment Portfolio

(1) Include, under the heading "Summary of Investment Portfolio", a summary of the investment fund's portfolio as at the end of the financial year of the investment fund to which the annual MRFP pertains.

(2) The summary of investment portfolio

(a) must break down the entire portfolio of the investment fund into appropriate subgroups, and must show the percentage of the aggregate net asset value of the investment fund constituted by each subgroup;

(b) must disclose the top 25 positions held by the investment fund, each expressed as a percentage of net asset value of the investment fund;

(c) must disclose long positions separately from short positions; and

(d) must disclose separately the total percentage of net asset value represented by the long positions and by the short positions.

(3) Indicate that the summary of investment portfolio may change due to ongoing portfolio transactions of the investment fund and a quarterly update is available.

INSTRUCTIONS:

(1) The summary of investment portfolio is designed to give the reader an easily accessible snapshot of the portfolio of the investment fund as at the end of the financial year for which the annual MRFP pertains. As with the other components of the annual

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

MRFP, care should be taken to ensure that the information in the summary of investment portfolio is presented in an easily accessible and understandable way.

(2) The Canadian securities regulatory authorities have not prescribed the names of the categories into which the portfolio should be broken down. An investment fund should use the most appropriate categories given the nature of the fund. If appropriate, an investment fund may use more than one breakdown, for instance showing the portfolio of the investment fund broken down according to security type, industry, geographical locations, etc.

(3) Instead of a table, the disclosure required by (2)(a) of this Item may be presented in the form of a pie chart.

(4) If the investment fund owns more than one class of securities of an issuer, those classes should be aggregated for the purposes of this Item, however, debt and equity securities of an issuer must not be aggregated.

(5) Portfolio assets other than securities should be aggregated if they have substantially similar investment risks and profiles. For instance, gold certificates should be aggregated, even if they are issued by different financial institutions.

(6) Treat cash and cash equivalents as one separate discrete category.

(7) In determining its holdings for purposes of the disclosure required by this Item, an investment fund should, for each long position in a derivative that is held by the investment fund for purposes other than hedging and for each index participation unit held by the investment fund, consider that it holds directly the underlying interest of that derivative or its proportionate share of the securities held by the issuer of the index participation unit.

(8) If an investment fund invests substantially all of its assets directly or indirectly (through the use of derivatives) in securities of one other fund, list only the 25 largest holdings of the other investment fund by percentage of net asset value of the other investment fund, as disclosed by the other investment fund as at the most recent quarter end.

(9) If the investment fund invests in other investment funds, include a statement to the effect that the prospectus and other information about the underlying investment funds are available on the internet at www.sedar.com.

(10) A labour sponsored or venture capital fund must disclose its top 25 positions, but is not required to express any of its venture investments as a percentage of the fund's net asset value if it complies with the conditions in Part 8 of the Instrument to be exempt from disclosing the individual current values of venture investments in its statement of investment portfolio.

Item 6 Other Material Information

Provide any other material information relating to the investment fund not otherwise required to be disclosed by this Part, including information required to be disclosed pursuant to an order or exemption received by the investment fund.

PART C CONTENT REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

Item 1 First Page Disclosure

The first page of an interim MRFP must contain disclosure in substantially the following words:

“This interim management report of fund performance contains financial highlights, but does not contain either the interim financial report or annual financial statements of the investment fund. You can get a copy of the interim financial report or annual financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling [toll-free/collect call telephone number], by writing to us at [insert address] or by visiting our website at [insert address] or SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Securityholders may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the investment fund's proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record, or quarterly portfolio disclosure.”

INSTRUCTION:

If the MRFP is bound with the financial statements of the investment fund, modify the first page wording appropriately.

Item 2 Management Discussion of Fund Performance

2.1 Results of Operations

Update the analysis of the investment fund's results of operations provided in the most recent annual MRFP. Discuss any material changes to any of the components listed in Item 2.3 of Part B.

2.2 Recent Developments

If there have been any significant developments affecting the investment fund since the most recent annual MRFP, discuss those developments and their impact on the investment fund, in accordance with the requirements of Item 2.4 of Part B.

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

2.3 Related Party Transactions

Provide the disclosure required by Item 2.5 of Part B.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- (1) If the first MRFP you file in this Form is not an annual MRFP, you must provide all the disclosure required by Part B, except for Items 3 and 4, in the first MRFP.*
- (2) The discussion in an interim MRFP is intended to update the reader on material developments since the date of the most recent annual MRFP. You may assume the reader has access to your annual MRFP, so it is not necessary to restate all of the information contained in the most recent annual discussion.*
- (3) The discussion in an interim MRFP should deal with the financial period to which the interim MRFP pertains.*

Item 3 Financial Highlights

- (1) Provide the disclosure required by Item 3.1 of Part B, with an additional column on the left of the table representing the interim period.*
- (2) Provide the disclosure required by Item 3.3 of Part B of the form.*

INSTRUCTION:

If the distributions cannot be allocated by type at the end of the interim period, provide only total distributions by unit/share.

Item 4 Past Performance

Provide a bar chart prepared in accordance with Item 4.2 of Part B, and include the total return calculated for the interim period.

Item 5 Summary of Investment Portfolio

- (1) Include a summary of investment portfolio as at the end of the financial period to which the interim MRFP pertains.*
- (2) The summary of investment portfolio must be prepared in accordance with Item 5 of Part B.*

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

Item 6 Other Material Information

Provide any other material information relating to the investment fund not otherwise required to be disclosed by this Part including information required to be disclosed pursuant to an order or exemption received by the investment fund.

M.O. 2005-05, Sch. 81-106F1; M.O. 2006-03, s. 4; M.O. 2008-12, s. 17; M.O. 2013-23, s. 32; M.O. 2014-05, s. 5.

Decision 2005-PDG-0116, 2005-05-09
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2005-06-03, Vol. 2 n° 22
M.O. 2005-05, 2005 G.O. 2, 1601

Amendments

Decision 2006-PDG-0186, 2006-10-19
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2006-11-17, Vol. 3 n° 46
M.O. 2006-03, 2006 G.O. 2, 3586

Decision 2008-PDG-0159, 2008-06-10
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2008-07-04, Vol. 5 n° 26
M.O. 2008-10, 2008 G.O. 2, 2569

Decision 2008-PDG-0199, 2008-07-18
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2008-09-05, Vol. 5 n° 35
M.O. 2008-12, 2008 G.O. 2, 4551

Decision 2010-PDG-0212, 2010-11-22
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2010-12-17, Vol. 7 n° 50
M.O. 2010-14, 2010 G.O. 2, 3889

Décision 2012-PDG-0056, 2012-03-20
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2012-04-26, Vol. 9 n° 17
A.M. 2012-07, 2012 G.O. 2, 1280

Decision 2013-PDG-0068, 2013-04-24
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2013-05-31, Vol. 10, n° 21
M.O. 2013-09, 2013 G.O. 2, 1386

Decision 2013-PDG-0187, 2013-11-13
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2013-12-19, Vol. 10, n° 50
M.O. 2013-23, 2013 G.O. 2, 3697

REGULATION IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019

Decision 2014-PDG-0087, 2014-08-12
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2014-09-18, Vol. 11 n° 37
M.O. 2014-05, 2014 G.O. 2, 2025

Decision 2017-PDG-0038, 2017-03-29
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2017-04-13, Vol. 14 n° 14
M.O. 2017-04, 2017 G.O. 2, 923

Decision 2018-PDG-0035, 2018-05-02
Bulletin de l'Autorité: 2018-06-07, Vol. 15, n° 22
M.O. 2018-03, 2018 G.O. 2, 2356

IN FORCE FROM JUNE 12, 2018 TO JANUARY 2, 2019