

CSA STAFF NOTICE 51-309

REGULATION 51-101 RESPECTING STANDARDS OF DISCLOSURE FOR OIL AND GAS ACTIVITIES

ACCEPTANCE OF CERTAIN FOREIGN PROFESSIONAL BOARDS AS A "PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATION"

March 9, 2007

Introduction

In January 2004 (February 2007 in Québec)¹, we added the following professional boards to the list of professional organizations accepted for the purposes of *Regulation 51-101 respecting Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities* (Regulation 51-101).

- California Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors,
- State of Colorado Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors,
- Louisiana State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors,
- Oklahoma State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, and
- Texas Board of Professional Engineers.

On June 8, 2004², we added the **American Association of Petroleum Geologists** (AAPG) to that list. At its request, on March 1, 2007³, we revoked the June 8, 2004 MRRS Decision Document and accepted the AAPG as a “professional organization” under Regulation 51-101, but only for Certified Petroleum Geologists within the AAPG’s Division of Professional Affairs.

On October 4, 2004 (February 2007 in Québec)⁴, we added to that list the **American Institute of Professional Geologists** (AIPG), but only for the AIPG’s Certified Professional Geologists.

On March 1, 2007⁵, we added the United Kingdom’s **Energy Institute** to that list.

Accompanying this notice is an updated list of all accepted professional organizations under Regulation 51-101.

Background

Regulation 51-101 requires reporting issuers to appoint one or more qualified reserves evaluators or reserves auditors to report to its board of directors on its reserves data (section 3.2). To be "qualified", a reserves evaluator or reserves auditor must possess appropriate professional qualifications and experience and be a member in good standing of a "professional organization" (subsections 1.1(x) and (y)).

¹ MRRS Decision Document dated January 6, 2004 *In the Matter of... National Instrument 51-101 Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities (NI 51-101)... and ...*[the professional boards named in this CSA notice]. In Québec, Decision No 2007-PDG-0050 dated February 16, 2007.

² MRRS Decision Document dated June 8, 2004 *In the Matter of... National Instrument 51-101 Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities (NI 51-101) ... and ...the American Association of Petroleum Geologists (AAPG)*.

³ MRRS Decision Document dated March 1, 2007 *In the Matter of... Regulation 51-101 respecting Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities (Regulation 51-101) ... and ...the American Association of Petroleum Geologists (AAPG) but only members of the AAPG’s Division of Professional Affairs*.

⁴ MRRS Decision Document dated October 4, 2004 *In the Matter of... National Instrument 51-101 Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities (NI 51-101)... and ...the American Institute of Professional Geologists (AIPG)*. In Québec, Decision No 2007-PDG-0050 dated February 16, 2007.

⁵ MRRS Decision Document dated March 1, 2007 *In the Matter of... Regulation 51-101 respecting Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities (Regulation 51-101) ... and ...the Energy Institute of the United Kingdom*.

The definition of "professional organization" in section 1.1 has four elements:

"professional organization" means a self-regulatory organization of engineers, geologists, other geoscientists or other professionals whose professional practice includes reserves evaluations or reserves audits, that:

- (a) admits members primarily on the basis of their educational qualifications;
- (b) requires its members to comply with the professional standards of competence and ethics prescribed by the organization that are relevant to the estimation, evaluation, review or audit of reserves data;
- (c) has disciplinary powers, including the power to suspend or expel a member; and
- (d) is either:
 - (i) given authority or recognition by statute in a Canadian jurisdiction;
 - (ii) accepted for this purpose by the securities regulatory authority or the regulator.

CSA staff reviewed relevant documentation concerning the professional organizations' authority and recognition, membership requirements and disciplinary powers. We concluded that acceptance of the professional organizations would not be contrary to the public interest and would facilitate compliance with Regulation 51-101 by enabling reporting issuers active in the United States and the United Kingdom to continue the traditional, and acceptable, practice of engaging US and UK professionals whose qualifications are consistent with the objectives of Regulation 51-101.

Acceptance of Professional Organizations does not Supersede Other Requirements

Membership in one of the accepted professional organizations does not automatically mean that a person is a "qualified reserves evaluator" or "qualified reserves auditor" under Regulation 51-101. To be qualified under Regulation 51-101, the person must also have the requisite professional experience to carry out reserves evaluations or reserves audits in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 51-101 and the standards of the Canadian Oil and Gas Evaluation Handbook.

The CSA's acceptance of the professional organizations under Regulation 51-101 is only for the purposes of Regulation 51-101. Regulation 51-101 does not supersede or alter local regulations or requirements regarding professional membership, practice or proficiency.

Questions

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**REGULATION 51-101 RESPECTING
STANDARDS OF DISCLOSURE FOR OIL AND GAS ACTIVITIES**

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

This list, updated March 9, 2007, supersedes the list of organizations set out in section 1.5(b) of Policy Statement to Regulation 51-101 respecting Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities.

Each of the following organizations is a *professional organization* for the purposes of Regulation 51-101:

Canada

Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of Alberta (APEGGA)
Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia (APEGBC)
Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Saskatchewan (APEGs)
Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Manitoba (APEGM)
Association of Professional Geoscientists of Ontario (APGO)
Professional Engineers of Ontario (PEO)
Ordre des ingénieurs du Québec (OIQ)
Ordre des Géologues du Québec (OGQ)
Association of Professional Engineers of Prince Edward Island (APEPEI)
Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of New Brunswick (APEGNB)
Association of Professional Engineers of Nova Scotia (APENS)
Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Newfoundland (APEGN)
Association of Professional Engineers of Yukon (APEY)
Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists & Geophysicists of the Northwest Territories (NAPEGG) (representing the Northwest Territories and Nunavut Territory)

United States

American Association of Petroleum Geologists (AAPG), but only for its Certified Petroleum Geologists within the AAPG's Division of Professional Affairs
American Institute of Professional Geologists (AIPG), but only for its Certified Professional Geologists, as defined in AIPG's by-laws
California Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors
Louisiana State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors
Oklahoma State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors
State of Colorado Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors
Texas Board of Professional Engineers

United Kingdom

Energy Institute, but only for its Fellows and Members