In force since April 20, 2022
This document has official status

chapter I-14.01, r. 0.01

REGULATION 94-101 RESPECTING MANDATORY CENTRAL COUNTERPARTY CLEARING OF DERIVATIVES

Derivatives Act

(chapter I-14.01, s. 175, 1st par., subpar. (2), (3), (9), (11), (12), (26), (27) and (29))

PART 1 DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

- 1. Definitions and interpretation
- (1) In this Regulation,

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 1 – Addition

"investment fund" has the meaning ascribed to it in Regulation 81-106 respecting Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure (chapter V-1.1, r. 42);

"local counterparty" means a counterparty to a derivative if, at the time of execution of the transaction, either of the following applies:

- (a) the counterparty is a person, other than an individual, to which one or more of the following apply:
 - (i) the person is organized under the laws of the local jurisdiction;
 - (ii) the head office of the person is in the local jurisdiction;
 - (iii) the principal place of business of the person is in the local jurisdiction;
- (b) the counterparty is an affiliated entity of a person referred to in paragraph (a) and the person is liable for all or substantially all the liabilities of the counterparty;

"mandatory clearable derivative" means a derivative within a class of derivatives listed in Appendix A;

"participant" means a person that has entered into an agreement with a regulated clearing agency to access the services of the regulated clearing agency and is bound by the regulated clearing agency's rules and procedures;

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 1 – Addition

"prudentially regulated entity" means a person that is subject to the laws of Canada, a jurisdiction of Canada or a foreign jurisdiction where the head office or principal place of business of an authorized foreign bank named in Schedule III of the Bank Act (S.C. 1991, c. 46) is located, and a political subdivision of that foreign jurisdiction, relating to minimum capital requirements, financial soundness and risk management, or the guidelines of a regulatory authority of Canada or a jurisdiction of Canada relating to minimum capital requirements, financial soundness and risk management;

"reference period" means the period beginning on September 1 in a given year and ending on August 31 of the following year;

"regulated clearing agency" means,

- (a) in Alberta, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Northwest Territories, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and Yukon, a person recognized or exempted from recognition as a clearing agency or clearing house pursuant to the securities legislation of any jurisdiction of Canada,
- (b) in British Columbia, Manitoba and Ontario, a person recognized or exempted from recognition as a clearing agency in the local jurisdiction, and
- (c) in Québec, a person recognized or exempted from recognition as a clearing house;

"transaction" means any of the following:

- (a) entering into a derivative or making a material amendment to, assigning, selling or otherwise acquiring or disposing of a derivative;
- (b) the novation of a derivative, other than a novation with a clearing agency or clearing house.
- (2) In this Regulation, a person is an affiliated entity of another person if one of them controls the other or each of them is controlled by the same person.

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 1 – Replacement of par. 2

- (2) In this Regulation, a person (the first party) is an affiliated entity of another person (the second party) if any of the following apply:
- (a) the first party and the second party are consolidated in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with one of the following:

(i) IFRS;

- (ii) generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America;
 - (b) all of the following apply:
- (i) the first party and the second party would have been, at the relevant time, required to be consolidated in consolidated financial statements prepared by the first party, the second party or another person, if the consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the principles or standards referred to in subparagraph (a)(i) or (ii);
- (ii) neither the first party's nor the second party's financial statements, nor the financial statements of the other person, were prepared in accordance with the principles or standards referred to in subparagraph (a)(i) or (ii);
- (c) except in British Columbia and Quebec, the first party and the second party are both prudentially regulated entities and are consolidated for that purpose. In this Regulation, a person is an affiliated entity of another person if one of them controls the other or each of them is controlled by the same person.
- (3) In this Regulation, a person (the first party) is considered to control another person (the second party) if any of the following apply:
- (a) the first party beneficially owns or directly or indirectly exercises control or direction over securities of the second party carrying votes which, if exercised, would entitle the first party to elect a majority of the directors of the second party unless the first party holds the voting securities only to secure an obligation;
- (b) the second party is a partnership, other than a limited partnership, and the first party holds more than 50% of the interests of the partnership;
- (c) the second party is a limited partnership and the general partner of the limited partnership is the first party;
 - (d) the second party is a trust and a trustee of the trust is the first party.

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 1 – Repealing par. 3

- (3) <u>(Repealed).In this Regulation, a person (the first party) is considered to control another person (the second party) if any of the following apply:</u>
- (a) the first party beneficially owns or directly or indirectly exercises control or direction over securities of the second party carrying votes which, if exercised, would entitle the first party to elect a majority of the directors of the second party unless the first party holds the voting securities only to secure an obligation;

- (b) the second party is a partnership, other than a limited partnership, and the first party holds more than 50% of the interests of the partnership;
- (c) the second party is a limited partnership and the general partner of the limited partnership is the first party;
 - (d) the second party is a trust and a trustee of the trust is the first party.
- (4) In this Regulation, in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Northwest Territories, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and Yukon, "derivative" means a "specified derivative" as defined in Multilateral Instrument 91-101 Derivatives: Product Determination.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 1.

Application

- 2. This Regulation applies to:
 - (a) in Manitoba,
- (i) a derivative other than a contract or instrument that, for any purpose, is prescribed by any of sections 2, 4 and 5 of Manitoba Securities Commission Rule 91-506 Derivatives: Product Determination not to be a derivative, and
- (ii) a derivative that is otherwise a security and that, for any purpose, is prescribed by section 3 of Manitoba Securities Commission Rule 91-506 Derivatives: Product Determination not to be a security,
 - (b) in Ontario.
- (i) a derivative other than a contract or instrument that, for any purpose, is prescribed by any of sections 2, 4 and 5 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 91-506 Derivatives: Product Determination not to be a derivative, and
- (ii) a derivative that is otherwise a security and that, for any purpose, is prescribed by section 3 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 91-506 Derivatives: Product Determination not to be a security, and
- (c) in Québec, a derivative specified in section 1.2 of Regulation 91-506 respecting Derivatives Determination (chapter I-14.01, r. 01), other than a contract or instrument specified in section 2 of that regulation.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 2.

PART 2 MANDATORY CENTRAL COUNTERPARTY CLEARING

Duty to submit for clearing

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 2 – Addition

- (0.1) Despite subsection 1(2), an investment fund is not an affiliated entity of another person for the purposes of paragraphs (1)(b) and (c) of this section.
- (0.2) Despite subsection 1(2), a person is not an affiliated entity of another person for the purposes of paragraphs (1)(b) and (c) of this section if the following apply:
 - (a) the person has, as its primary purpose, one of the following:
 - (i) financing a specific pool or pools of assets;
 - (ii) providing investors with exposure to a specific set of risks;
 - (iii) acquiring or investing in real estate or other physical assets;
- (b) all the indebtedness incurred by the person whose primary purpose is one set out in subparagraph (a)(i) or (ii), including obligations owing to its counterparty to a derivative, are secured solely by the assets of that person.
- **3.** (1) A local counterparty to a transaction in a mandatory clearable derivative must submit, or cause to be submitted, the mandatory clearable derivative for clearing to a regulated clearing agency that offers clearing services in respect of the mandatory clearable derivative, if one or more of the following applies to each counterparty:
 - (a) the counterparty
- (i) is a participant of a regulated clearing agency that offers clearing services in respect of the mandatory clearable derivative, and
- (ii) subscribes to clearing services for the class of derivatives to which the mandatory clearable derivative belongs;
 - (b) the counterparty
 - (i) is an affiliated entity of a participant referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (ii) has had, at any time after the date on which this Regulation comes into force, a month-end gross notional amount under all outstanding derivatives exceeding \$1 000 000 000 excluding derivatives to which paragraph 7(1)(a) applies;
 - (c) the counterparty

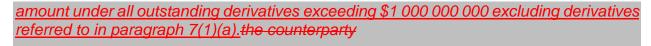
- (i) is a local counterparty in any jurisdiction of Canada, other than a counterparty to which paragraph (b) applies, and
- (ii) has had, at any time after the date on which this Regulation comes into force, a month-end gross notional amount under all outstanding derivatives, combined with each affiliated entity that is a local counterparty in any jurisdiction of Canada, exceeding \$500 000 000 000 excluding derivatives to which paragraph 7(1)(a) applies.

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 2 – Amendments par. 1

- (1) A local counterparty to a transaction in a mandatory clearable derivative must submit, or cause to be submitted, the mandatory clearable derivative for clearing to a regulated clearing agency that offers clearing services in respect of the mandatory clearable derivative, if one or more of the following applies to each counterparty:
 - (a) the counterparty
- (i) is a participant of a regulated clearing agency that offers clearing services in respect of the mandatory clearable derivative, and
- (ii) subscribes to clearing services for the class of derivatives to which the mandatory clearable derivative belongs;
 - (b) the counterparty
 - (i) is an affiliated entity of a participant referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (ii) <u>had, for the months of March, April and May preceding the reference period in which the transaction was executed, an average month-end gross notional amount under all outstanding derivatives exceeding \$1 000 000 000 excluding derivatives referred to in paragraph 7(1)(a); has had, at any time after the date on which this Regulation comes into force, a month-end gross notional amount under all outstanding derivatives exceeding \$1 000 000 000 excluding derivatives to which paragraph 7(1)(a) applies;</u>

(c) the counterparty

- (i) is a local counterparty in any jurisdiction of Canada,
- (ii) had, during the previous 12-month period, a month-end gross notional amount under all outstanding derivatives, combined with each affiliated entity that is a local counterparty in any jurisdiction of Canada, exceeding \$500 000 000 000 excluding derivatives referred to in paragraph 7(1)(a), and
- (iii) had, for the months of March, April and May preceding the reference period in which the transaction was executed, an average month-end gross notional



- (i) is a local counterparty in any jurisdiction of Canada, other than a counterparty to which paragraph (b) applies, and
- (ii) has had, at any time after the date on which this Regulation comes into force, a month-end gross notional amount under all outstanding derivatives, combined with each affiliated entity that is a local counterparty in any jurisdiction of Canada, exceeding \$500 000 000 000 excluding derivatives to which paragraph 7(1)(a) applies.
- (2) Unless paragraph (1)(a) applies, a local counterparty to which paragraph (1)(b) or (1)(c) applies is not required to submit a mandatory clearable derivative for clearing to a regulated clearing agency if the transaction in the mandatory clearable derivative was executed before the 90th day after the end of the month in which the month-end gross notional amount first exceeded the amount specified in subparagraph (1)(b)(ii) or (1)(c)(ii), as applicable.

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 2 – Amendments par. 2

- 2) Unless paragraph (1)(a) applies, a local counterparty to which paragraph (1)(b) or (1)(c) applies is not required to submit a mandatory clearable derivative for clearing to a regulated clearing agency if the transaction in the mandatory clearable derivative was executed before the 90th day after the end of the month in which the month-end gross notional amount first exceeded the amount specified in subparagraph (1)(b)(ii) or (1)(c)(ii), as applicable.
- (3) Unless subsection (2) applies, a local counterparty to which subsection (1) applies must submit a mandatory clearable derivative for clearing no later than
- (a) the end of the day of execution if the transaction is executed during the business hours of the regulated clearing agency, or
- (b) the end of the next business day if the transaction is executed after the business hours of the regulated clearing agency.
- (4) A local counterparty to which subsection (1) applies must submit the mandatory clearable derivative for clearing in accordance with the rules of the regulated clearing agency, as amended from time to time.
- (5) A counterparty that is a local counterparty solely pursuant to paragraph (b) of the definition of "local counterparty" in section 1 is exempt from this section if the mandatory clearable derivative is submitted for clearing in accordance with the law of a foreign jurisdiction to which the counterparty is subject, set out in Appendix B.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 3.

Notice of rejection

4. If a regulated clearing agency rejects a mandatory clearable derivative submitted for clearing, the regulated clearing agency must immediately notify each local counterparty to the mandatory clearable derivative.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 4.

Public disclosure of clearable and mandatory clearable derivatives

- **5.** A regulated clearing agency must do all of the following:
- (a) publish a list of each derivative or class of derivatives for which the regulated clearing agency offers clearing services and state whether each derivative or class of derivatives is a mandatory clearable derivative;
 - (b) make the list accessible to the public at no cost on its website.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 5.

PART 3 EXEMPTIONS FROM MANDATORY CENTRAL COUNTERPARTY CLEARING

Non-application

6. This Regulation does not apply to the following counterparties:

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 3 – Amendments section 6

- **6.** This Regulation does not apply to <u>a counterparty in respect of a mandatory</u> <u>clearable derivative if any counterparty to the mandatory clearable derivative is any of the following the following counterparties:</u>
- (a) the government of Canada, the government of a jurisdiction of Canada or the government of a foreign jurisdiction;
- (b) a crown corporation for which the government of the jurisdiction where the crown corporation was constituted is liable for all or substantially all the liabilities;
- (c) a person wholly owned by one or more governments referred to in paragraph (a) if the government or governments are liable for all or substantially all the liabilities of the person;
 - (d) the Bank of Canada or a central bank of a foreign jurisdiction;
 - (e) the Bank for International Settlements:

(f) the International Monetary Fund.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 6.

Intragroup exemption

- **7.** (1) A local counterparty is exempt from the application of section 3, with respect to a mandatory clearable derivative, if all of the following apply:
- (a) the mandatory clearable derivative is between a counterparty and an affiliated entity of the counterparty if each of the counterparty and the affiliated entity are consolidated as part of the same audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with "accounting principles" as defined in Regulation 52-107 respecting Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards (chapter V-1.1, r. 25);
- (b) both counterparties to the mandatory clearable derivative agree to rely on this exemption;
- (c) the mandatory clearable derivative is subject to a centralized risk management program reasonably designed to assist in monitoring and managing the risks associated with the derivative between the counterparties through evaluation, measurement and control procedures;
- (d) there is a written agreement between the counterparties setting out the terms of the mandatory clearable derivative between the counterparties.
- (2) No later than the 30th day after a local counterparty first relies on subsection (1) in respect of a mandatory clearable derivative with a counterparty, the local counterparty must deliver electronically to the regulator, except in Québec, or to the securities regulatory authority a completed Form 94-101F1.
- (3) No later than the 10th day after a local counterparty becomes aware that the information in a previously delivered Form 94-101F1 is no longer accurate, the local counterparty must deliver or cause to be delivered electronically to the regulator, except in Québec, or securities regulatory authority an amended Form 94-101F1.

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 4 – Amendments section 7

- **7.** (1) A local counterparty is exempt from the application of section 3, with respect to a mandatory clearable derivative, if all of the following apply:
- (a) the mandatory clearable derivative is between a counterparty and an affiliated entity of the counterparty if each of the counterparty and the affiliated entity are consolidated as part of the same audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with "accounting principles" as defined in Regulation 52-107 respecting Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards (chapter V-1.1, r. 25);

- (b) <u>(paragraph repealed)</u>both counterparties to the mandatory clearable derivative agree to rely on this exemption;
- (c) the mandatory clearable derivative is subject to a centralized risk management program reasonably designed to assist in monitoring and managing the risks associated with the derivative between the counterparties through evaluation, measurement and control procedures;
- (d) there is a written agreement between the counterparties setting out the terms of the mandatory clearable derivative between the counterparties.
- (2) <u>(paragraph repealed)</u>No later than the 30th day after a local counterparty first relies on subsection (1) in respect of a mandatory clearable derivative with a counterparty, the local counterparty must deliver electronically to the regulator, except in Québec, or to the securities regulatory authority a completed Form 94-101F1.
- (3) <u>(paragraph repealed)</u>No later than the 10th day after a local counterparty becomes aware that the information in a previously delivered Form 94-101F1 is no longer accurate, the local counterparty must deliver or cause to be delivered electronically to the regulator, except in Québec, or securities regulatory authority an amended Form 94-101F1.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 7.

Multilateral portfolio compression exemption

- **8.** A local counterparty is exempt from the application of section 3, with respect to a mandatory clearable derivative resulting from a multilateral portfolio compression exercise, if all of the following apply:
- (a) the mandatory clearable derivative is entered into as a result of more than 2 counterparties changing or terminating and replacing existing derivatives;
- (b) the existing derivatives do not include a mandatory clearable derivative entered into after the effective date on which the class of derivatives became a mandatory clearable derivative;
- (c) the existing derivatives were not cleared by a clearing agency or clearing house;
- (d) the mandatory clearable derivative is entered into by the same counterparties as the existing derivatives;
- (e) the multilateral portfolio compression exercise is conducted by an independent third-party.

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 5 – Amendments section 8

- **8.** A local counterparty is exempt from the application of section 3, with respect to a mandatory clearable derivative resulting from a multilateral portfolio compression exercise, if all of the following apply:
- (a) the mandatory clearable derivative is entered into as a result of more than 2 counterparties changing or terminating and replacing existing derivatives;
- (b) the existing derivatives do not include a mandatory clearable derivative entered into after the effective date on which the class of derivatives became a mandatory clearable derivative;
- (c) the existing derivatives were not cleared by a clearing agency or clearing house;
- (d) the multilateral portfolio compression exercise involved both counterparties to the mandatory clearable derivative; the mandatory clearable derivative is entered into by the same counterparties as the existing derivatives;
- (e) the multilateral portfolio compression exercise is was conducted by an independent third-party.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 8.

Recordkeeping

- **9.** (1) A local counterparty to a mandatory clearable derivative that relied on section 7 or 8 with respect to a mandatory clearable derivative must keep records demonstrating that the conditions referred to in those sections, as applicable, were satisfied.
- (2) The records required to be maintained under subsection (1) must be kept in a safe location and in a durable form for a period of
- (a) except in Manitoba, 7 years following the date on which the mandatory clearable derivative expires or is terminated, and
- (b) in Manitoba, 8 years following the date on which the mandatory clearable derivative expires or is terminated.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 9.

PART 4 MANDATORY CLEARABLE DERIVATIVES

Submission of information on derivatives clearing services provided by a regulated clearing agency

10. No later than the 10th day after a regulated clearing agency first offers clearing services for a derivative or class of derivatives, the regulated clearing agency must deliver electronically to the regulator, except in Québec, or securities regulatory authority a completed Form 94-101F2, identifying the derivative or class of derivatives.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 10.

NOT IN FORCE – Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 6 – Repealing of Part 4 and section 10

PART 4

(Repealed)MANDATORY CLEARABLE DERIVATIVES

Submission of information on derivatives clearing services provided by a regulated clearing agency

10. (Repealed)No later than the 10th day after a regulated clearing agency first offers clearing services for a derivative or class of derivatives, the regulated clearing agency must deliver electronically to the regulator, except in Québec, or securities regulatory authority a completed Form 94-101F2, identifying the derivative or class of derivatives.

PART 5 Exemption

Exemption

- **11.** (1) The regulator, except in Québec, or the securities regulatory authority may grant an exemption to this Regulation, in whole or in part, subject to such conditions or restrictions as may be imposed in the exemption.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), in Ontario, only the regulator may grant an exemption.
- (3) Except in Alberta and Ontario, an exemption referred to in subsection (1) is granted under the statute referred to in Appendix B of Regulation 14-101 respecting Definitions (chapter V-1.1, r. 3) opposite the name of the local jurisdiction.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 11.

PART 6

Transition and effective date

Transition – regulated clearing agency filing requirement

12. No later than May 4, 2017, a regulated clearing agency must deliver electronically to the regulator, except in Québec, or securities regulatory authority a completed Form 94-101F2, identifying all derivatives or classes of derivatives for which it offers clearing 31.7 services on April 4, 2017.

M.O. 2017-01, s. 12.

Transition – certain counterparties' submission for clearing

A counterparty specified in paragraphs 3(1)(b) or (c) to which paragraph (3)(1)(a) A FORCE FROM APPRIL 20, 2022 TO ALL 20, 2022 T does not apply is not required to submit a mandatory clearable derivative for clearing to

APPENDIX A MANDATORY CLEARABLE DERIVATIVES

(subsection 1(1))

Interest Rate Swaps

Туре	Floating index	Settlement currency	Maturity	Settlement currency type	Optionality	Notional type
Fixed-to- float	CDOR	CAD	28 days to 30 years	Single currency	No	Constant or variable
Fixed-to- float	LIBOR	USD	28 days to 50 years	Single currency	No	Constant or variable
Fixed-to- float	EURIBOR	EUR	28 days to 50 years	Single currency	No	Constant or variable
Fixed-to- float	LIBOR	GBP	28 days to 50 years	Single currency	No	Constant or variable
Basis	LIBOR	USD	28 days to 50 years	Single currency	No	Constant or variable
Basis	EURIBOR	EUR	28 days to 50 years	Single currency	No	Constant or variable
Basis	LIBOR	GBP	28 days to 50 years	Single currency	No	Constant or variable
Overnight index swap	CORRA	CAD	7 days to 2 years	Single currency	No	Constant
Overnight index swap	FedFunds	USD	7 days to 3 years	Single currency	No	Constant

Overnight index swap	EONIA	EUR	7 days to 3 years	Single currency	No	Constant
Overnight index swap	SONIA	GBP	7 days to 3 years	Single currency	No	Constant

Forward Rate Agreements

Туре	Floating index	Settlement currency	Maturity	Settlement currency type	Optionality	Notional type
Forward rate agreement	LIBOR	USD	3 days to 3 years	Single currency	No	Constant
Forward rate agreement	EURIBOR	EUR	3 days to 3 years	Single currency	No	Constant
Forward rate agreement	LIBOR	GBP	3 days to 3 years	Single currency	No	Constant
		22-07, s. 7.				
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APPENDIX B LAWS, REGULATIONS OR INSTRUMENTS OF FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS APPLICABLE FOR SUBSTITUTED COMPLIANCE

(subsection 3 (5))

Foreign jurisdiction	Laws, regulations or instruments
European Union	Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2019/2099
United Kingdom	Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories) Regulations 2013
	The Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories (Amendment, etc., and Transitional Provision) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020
	The Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories (Amendment etc., and Transitional Provision) (EU Exit) (No 2) Regulations 2019
	The Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories (Amendment, etc., and Transitional Provision) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	The Central Counterparties (Amendment, etc., and Transitional Provision) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018
	The Technical Standards (European Market Infrastructure Regulation) (EU Exit) (No 2) Instrument 2019
	The Technical Standards (European Market Infrastructure Regulation) (EU Exit) (No 3) Instrument 2019
United States of America	Clearing Requirement and Related Rules, 17 CFR Part 50

M.O. 2017-01, App. B; M.O. 2022-07, s. 7.

FORM 94-101F1 INTRAGROUP EXEMPTION INITIAL **AMENDMENT** Type of Filing: Section 1 – Information on the entity delivering this Form ON APPRIL 20, 2022 TO AUGUST 31. 1. Provide the following information with respect to the entity delivering this Form: Full legal name: Name under which it conducts business, if different: Head office Address: Mailing address (if different): Telephone: Website: Contact employee Name and title: Telephone: Email: Other offices Address: Telephone. Email: Canadian counsel (if applicable) Firm name: Contact name: Telephone: Email:

2. In addition to providing the information required in item 1, if this Form is delivered for the purpose of reporting a name change on behalf of the entity referred to in item 1, provide the following information:

Previous full legal name:

Previous name under which the entity conducted business:

Section 2 – Combined notification on behalf of counterparties within the group to which the entity delivering this Form belongs

- 1. For the mandatory clearable derivatives to which this Form relates, provide all of the following information in the table below:
- (a) the legal entity identifier of each counterparty in the same manner as required under the following instruments:
- (i) in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Northwest Territories, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and Yukon, Multilateral Instrument 96-101 Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting,
- (ii) in Manitoba, Manitoba Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting,
- (iii) in Ontario, Ontario Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting, and
- (iv) in Québec, Regulation 91-507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (chapter I-14.01, r. 1.1);
- (b) whether each counterparty is a local counterparty in a jurisdiction of Canada.

Pairs	LEI of counterparty 1	Jurisdiction(s) of Canada in which counterparty 1 is a local counterparty	LEI of counterparty 2	Jurisdiction(s) of Canada in which counterparty 2 is a local counterparty
N.				

2. Describe the ownership and control structure of the counterparties identified in item 1.

Regulation 94-101 April 20, 2022 18

Section 3 – Certification

I certify that I am authorized to deliver this Form on behalf of the entity delivering this Form and on behalf of the counterparties identified in Section 2 of this Form and that the information in this Form is true and correct.

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M.O. 2022-07, s. 8 – Repealing of Form 94-101F1

EXE PORM AP FORM 94-101F1 (Repealed)INTRAGROUP EXEMPTION

	94-101F2 ATIVEs clearing s	ervices	
Type of	Filing:	☐ INITIAL	_ AMENDMENT
Section	1 – Regulated cl	earing agency information	on
1.	Full name of regu	lated clearing agency:	22
2.	Contact information	on of person authorized to	deliver this form
	Name and title:		3
	Telephone:		5
	E-mail:		

Section 2 – Description of derivatives

- 1. Identify each derivative or class of derivatives for which the regulated clearing agency offers clearing services in respect of which a Form 94-101F2 has not previously been delivered.
- 2. For each derivative or class of derivatives referred to in item 1, describe all significant attributes of the derivative or class of derivatives including
- (a) the standard practices for managing life-cycle events associated with the derivative or class of derivatives, as defined in the following instruments:
- (i) in Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Northwest Territories, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and Yukon, Multilateral Instrument 96-101 Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting;
- (ii) \(\) in Manitoba, Manitoba Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting;
- (iii) in Ontario, Ontario Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting;
- (iv) in Québec, Regulation 91-507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (chapter I-14.01, r. 1.1),
 - (b) the extent to which the transaction is confirmable electronically,
- (c) the degree of standardization of the contractual terms and operational processes,

- (d) the market for the derivative or class of derivatives, including its participants, and
- (e) the availability of pricing and liquidity of the derivative or class of derivatives within Canada and internationally.
- 3. Describe the impact of providing clearing services for each derivative or class of derivatives referred to in item 1 on the regulated clearing agency's risk management framework and financial resources, including the protection of the regulated clearing agency on the default of a participant and the effect of the default on the other participants.
- 4. Describe the impact, if any, on the regulated clearing agency's ability to comply with its regulatory obligations should the regulator, except in Québec, or securities regulatory authority determine a derivative or class of derivatives referred to in item 1 to be a mandatory clearable derivative.
- 5. Describe the clearing services offered for each derivative or class of derivatives referred to in item 1.
- 6. If applicable, attach a copy of every notice the regulated clearing agency provided to its participants for consultation on the launch of the clearing service for a derivative or class of derivatives referred to in item 1 and a summary of concerns received in response to the notice.

Section 3 – Certification

CERTIFICATE OF REGULATED CLEARING AGENCY

I certify that I am authorized to deliver this form on behalf of the regulated clearing agency named below and that the information in this form is true and correct.

DATED at	this	day of	, 20
	18-		
(Print name of r	egulated clearing a	gency)	
CX			
(Print name of a	nuthorized person)		
. 40			
(Print title of aut	horized person)		
¥			
(Signature of au	ıthorized person)		

NOT IN FORCE - Will come in force on September 1, 2022 M.O. 2022-07, s. 8 – Repealing of Form 94-101F2

MEORCE FROM APRIL 20. 2022 TO AUGUST 31. 2022 FORM 94-101F2 (Repealed) DERIVATIVES CLEARING SERVICES

22 Regulation 94-101 April 20, 2022