REGULATION TO AMEND REGULATION 91-507 RESPECTING TRADE REPOSITORIES AND DERIVATIVES DATA REPORTING

Derivatives Act (chapter I-14.01, s. 175, 1st par., subpar. (2), (3), (9) and (12))

1. Section 1 of Regulation 91-507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (chapter I-14.01, r. 1.1) is amended by inserting, in paragraph (1) and after the definition of the term "participant", the following:

""reporting clearing house" means

- (a) a person recognized, or exempted from the recognition requirement, as a clearing house by the Authority under the Act; or
- (b) a clearing house that submitted an undertaking accepted by the Authority to act as the reporting counterparty for the purposes of fulfilling the reporting obligation under this Regulation;".
- **2.** Section 25 of the Regulation is replaced with the following:

"Reporting counterparty

- "25. (1) If a transaction involving a local counterparty is cleared through a reporting clearing house, the reporting counterparty with respect to that transaction is the reporting clearing house.
- (2) If a transaction involving a local counterparty is not cleared through a reporting clearing house, the reporting counterparty with respect to that transaction is
- (a) if only one counterparty to the transaction is a person subject to the registration requirement as a dealer under the Act, the person subject to such registration requirement,
- (b) if neither counterparty to the transaction is a person subject to the registration requirement as a dealer under the Act, and only one counterparty to the transaction is a Canadian financial institution, the Canadian financial institution.
- (3) If neither subsection (1) nor (2) apply to a transaction involving a local counterparty the reporting counterparty with respect to that transaction is, where both counterparties have, at the time the transaction occurs, entered into a written agreement whereby one of the counterparties undertakes to act as the reporting counterparty for the purposes of fulfilling the reporting obligation under this Regulation, the counterparty determined to be the reporting counterparty under the terms of that agreement.
- (4) If none of subsections (1) to (3) apply to a transaction involving a local counterparty, the reporting counterparty with respect to that transaction is each local counterparty to the transaction.".
- **3.** Section 26 of the Regulation is amended by replacing, in subparagraph (ii) of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (5), the words "listed in Appendix B" with the words "appearing on a list determined by the Authority".
- **4.** Section 31 of the Regulation is amended by repealing paragraph (4).
- **5.** Section 34 of the Regulation is amended:
 - (1) by replacing paragraph (1) with the following:

- "(1) Despite section 31 and subject to subsection 42(4), a reporting counterparty is required to report only the creation data indicated in the column in Appendix A entitled "Required for Pre-existing Transactions" on or before April 30, 2015 if
- (a) the reporting counterparty is a reporting clearing house, a person subject to the registration requirement as a dealer under the Act or a Canadian financial institution.
 - (b) the transaction was entered into before October 31, 2014, and
- (c) there were outstanding contractual obligations with respect to that transaction on October 31, 2014.
- "(1.1) Despite section 31 and subject to subsection 42(5), a reporting counterparty is required to report only the creation data indicated in the column in Appendix A entitled "Required for Pre-existing Transactions" on or before December 31, 2015 if
- (a) the reporting counterparty is neither a reporting clearing house, nor a person subject to the registration requirement as a dealer under the Act, nor a Canadian financial institution,
 - (b) the transaction was entered into before June 30, 2015, and
- (c) there were outstanding contractual obligations with respect to the transaction on June 30, 2015.";
- (2) by inserting, in paragraphs (2) and (3) and after "subsection (1)", wherever it occurs, "or (1.1)".
- **6.** Section 42 of the Regulation is replaced with the following:

"Transitional and final provisions

- "42. (1) This Regulation comes into force on December 31, 2013, except for Chapters 3 and 5 which come into force on October 31, 2014.
 - (2) Despite subsection (1), subsection 39(3) does not apply until April 30, 2015.
- (3) A reporting counterparty that is neither a reporting clearing house, nor a person subject to the registration requirement as a dealer under the Act, nor a Canadian financial institution is not required to make any reports under Chapter 3 until June 30, 2015.
- (4) Chapter 3 does not apply to a transaction entered into before October 31, 2014 that expires or terminates on or before April 30, 2015 if the reporting counterparty is a reporting clearing house, a person subject to the registration requirement as a dealer under the Act or a Canadian financial institution.
- (5) Chapter 3 does not apply to a transaction entered into before June 30, 2015 that expires or terminates on or before December 31, 2015 if the reporting counterparty is neither a reporting clearing house, nor a person subject to the registration requirement as a dealer under the Act, nor a Canadian financial institution."
- **7.** Appendix A of the Regulation is replaced with the following:

"Appendix A

Minimum Data Fields Required to be Reported to a Recognized Trade Repository

Instructions:

The reporting counterparty is required to provide a response for each of the fields unless the field is not applicable to the transaction.

diffess the field is i	ot applicable to the transaction.	Required for	
		Public	Required for
		Disseminatio	Pre-existing
Data field	Description	n	Transactions
Transaction identifier	The unique transaction identifier as provided by the recognized trade repository or the identifier as identified by the two counterparties, electronic trading venue of	N	Y
	execution or clearing house.		
Master agreement type	The type of master agreement, if used for the reported transaction.	N	N
Master agreement version	Date of the master agreement version (e.g. 2002, 2006).	N	N
Cleared	Indicate whether the transaction has been cleared by a clearing house.	Y	Y
Intent to clear	Indicate whether the transaction will be cleared by a clearing house.	N	N
Clearing house	LEI of the clearing house where the transaction is or will be cleared.	N	Y
Clearing member	LEI of the clearing member, if the clearing member is not a counterparty.	N	N
Clearing exemption	Indicate whether one or more of the counterparties to the transaction are exempted from a mandatory clearing requirement.	Y	N
Broker/Clearing intermediary	LEI of the broker acting as an intermediary for the reporting counterparty without becoming a counterparty.	N	N
Electronic trading venue identifier	LEI of the electronic trading venue where the transaction was executed.	Y (Only "Yes" or "No" shall be publicly disseminated)	Y
Inter-affiliate	Indicate whether the transaction is between two affiliated entities. (This field is only required to be reported as of April 30, 2015.)	N	N
Collateralization	 Indicate whether the transaction is collateralized. Field Values: Fully (initial and variation margin required to be posted by both parties), Partially (variation only required to be posted by both parties), One way (one party will be required to post some form of collateral), Uncollateralized. 	Y	N

Data field	Description	Required for Public Disseminatio n	Required for Pre-existing Transactions
Identifier of	•	N	Y
	LEI of the reporting counterparty or,	IN	1
reporting	in case of an individual, its client code.		
counterparty Identifier of non-		N	Y
	LEI of the non-reporting	N	ĭ
reporting	counterparty or, in case of an		
counterparty	individual, its client code.	N	X7
Counterparty side	Indicate whether the reporting	N	Y
	counterparty was the buyer or seller.		
	In the case of swaps, other than		
	credit default, the buyer will		
	represent the payer of leg 1 and the		
T.1 .101 .0	seller will be the payer of leg 2.		
Identifier of	LEI of the agent reporting the	N	N
agent reporting	transaction if reporting of the		
the transaction	transaction has been delegated by		
	the reporting counterparty.		
Jurisdiction of	If the reporting counterparty is a	N	N
reporting	local counterparty under the		
counterparty	derivatives data reporting rules of		
	one or more provinces of Canada,		
	indicate all of the jurisdictions in		
	which it is a local counterparty.		
Jurisdiction of	If the non-reporting counterparty is a	N	N
non-reporting	local counterparty under the		
counterparty	derivatives data reporting rules of		
	one or more provinces of Canada,		
	indicate all of the jurisdictions in		
	which it is a local counterparty.		
A. Common	These fields are required to be reported.		
Data	transactions even if the information	n may be entered	in an Asset
	field below.	C.1	1
	• Fields do not have to be reported in	the unique prod	uct identifier
TT-:	adequately describes those fields.	37	N.T.
Unique product	Unique product identification code	Y	N
identifier	based on the taxonomy of the		
T	product.	**	***
Transaction type	The name of the transaction type	Y	Y
	(e.g., swap, swaption, forwards,		
	options, basis swap, index swap,		
TT 1 1 1	basket swap, other).	**	***
Underlying asset	The unique identifier of the asset	Y	Y
identifier 1	referenced in the transaction.	**	***
Underlying asset	The unique identifier of the second	Y	Y
identifier 2			
	asset referenced in the transaction, if		
1	more than one.		
	more than one. If more than two assets identified in		
	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique		
	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique identifiers for those additional		
	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique identifiers for those additional underlying assets.		
Asset class	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique identifiers for those additional underlying assets. Major asset class of the product	Y	N
Asset class	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique identifiers for those additional underlying assets. Major asset class of the product (e.g., interest rate, credit,	Y	N
Asset class	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique identifiers for those additional underlying assets. Major asset class of the product (e.g., interest rate, credit, commodity, foreign exchange,	Y	N
	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique identifiers for those additional underlying assets. Major asset class of the product (e.g., interest rate, credit, commodity, foreign exchange, equity, etc.).		
Asset class Effective date or start date	more than one. If more than two assets identified in the transaction, report the unique identifiers for those additional underlying assets. Major asset class of the product (e.g., interest rate, credit, commodity, foreign exchange,	Y	N Y

		Required for Public	Required for
		Disseminatio	Pre-existing
Data field	Description	n	Transactions
Maturity,	The date the transaction expires.	Y	Y
termination or			
end date			
Payment	The dates or frequency the	Y	Y
frequency or	transaction requires payments to be		
dates	made (e.g., quarterly, monthly).		
Reset frequency	The dates or frequency at which the	Y	Y
or dates	price resets (e.g., quarterly, semi-		
	annually, annually).		
Day count	Factor used to calculate the	Y	Y
convention	payments (e.g., 30/360, actual/360).		
Delivery type	Indicate whether transaction is	N	Y
- 1	settled physically or in cash.		
Price 1	The price, yield, spread, coupon,	Y	Y
	etc., of the derivative. The price/rate		
	should not include any premiums		
	such as commissions, collateral		
Duine 2	premiums, accrued interest, etc.	Y	V
Price 2	The price, yield, spread, coupon, etc., of the derivative. The price/rate	Y	Y
	should not include any premiums		
	such as commissions, collateral		
	premiums, accrued interest, etc.		
Price notation	The manner in which the price is	Y	Y
type 1	expressed (e.g., percent, basis	1	1
type 1	points, etc.).		
Price notation	The manner in which the price is	Y	Y
type 2	expressed (e.g., percent, basis	1	1
type 2	points, etc.).		
Price multiplier	The number of units of the	N	N
	underlying reference entity		
	represented by 1 unit of the		
	transaction.		
Notional amount	Total notional amount(s) of leg 1 of	Y	Y
leg 1	the transaction.		
Notional amount	Total notional amount(s) of leg 2 of	Y	Y
leg 2	the transaction.		
Currency leg 1	Currency(ies) of leg 1.	Y	Y
Currency leg 2	Currency(ies) of leg 2.	Y	Y
Settlement	The currency used to determine the	Y	Y
currency	cash settlement amount.		
Up-front	Amount of any up-front payment.	N	N
payment			
Currency or	The currency in which any up-front	N	N
currencies of up-	payment is made by one		
front payment	counterparty to another.		
Embedded option	Indicate whether the option is an	Y	N
	embedded option.		
B. Additional	These additional fields are required to		
Asset	the respective types of derivatives set out below, even if the		
Information	information is entered in a Common I	Data field above.	
i) Interest rate derivatives			
uciivatives			

Data field	Description	Required for Public Dissemination	Required for Pre-existing Transactions
Fixed rate leg 1	The rate used to determine the	N	Y
Tixed face leg i	payment amount for leg 1 of the	1	1
	transaction.		
Fixed rate leg 2	The rate used to determine the	N	Y
	payment amount for leg 2 of the		
	transaction.		
Floating rate leg	The floating rate used to determine	N	Y
1	the payment amount for leg 1 of the		
	transaction.		
Floating rate leg	The floating rate used to determine	N	Y
2	the payment amount for leg 2 of the		
	transaction.		
Fixed rate day	Factor used to calculate the fixed	N	Y
count convention	payer payments (e.g., 30/360,		
	actual/360).		
Fixed leg	Frequency or dates of payments for	N	Y
payment	the fixed rate leg of the transaction		
frequency or	(e.g., quarterly, semi-annually,		
dates	annually).		
Floating leg	Frequency or dates of payments for	N	Y
payment	the floating rate leg of the		
frequency or	transaction (e.g., quarterly, semi-		
dates	annually, annually).		
Floating rate	The dates or frequency at which the	N	Y
reset frequency	floating leg of the transaction resets		
or dates	(e.g., quarterly, semi-annually,		
w	annually).		
ii) Currency derivatives			
	Contractual rate(s) of evaluation of	N	Y
Exchange rate	Contractual rate(s) of exchange of the currencies.	IN .	1
iii) Commodity	the currencies.		
derivatives			
Sub-asset class	Specific information to identify the	Y	Y
Sub-asset class	type of commodity derivative (e.g.,		1
	Agriculture, Power, Oil, Natural		
	Gas, Freights, Metals, Index,		
	Environmental, Exotic).		
Quantity	Total quantity in the unit of measure	Y	Y
	of an underlying commodity.		
Unit of measure	Unit of measure for the quantity of	Y	Y
	each side of the transaction (e.g.,		
	barrels, bushels, etc.).		
Grade	Grade of product being delivered	N	Y
	(e.g., grade of oil).		
Delivery point	The delivery location.	N	N
Load type	For power, load profile for the	N	Y
	delivery.		
Transmission	For power, the delivery days of the	N	Y
days	week.		
Transmission	For power, the hours of day	N	Y
duration	transmission starts and ends.		
C. Options	These additional fields are required to	be reported for o	ptions
	transactions set out below, even if the		
	Common Data field above.		

Data field	Description	Required for Public Disseminatio n	Required for Pre-existing Transactions
Data Helu	Description	11	Transactions
Option exercise date	The date(s) on which the option may be exercised.	Y	Y
Option premium	Fixed premium paid by the buyer to the seller.	Y	Y
Strike price (cap/floor rate)	The strike price of the option.	Y	Y
Option style	Indicate whether the option can be exercised on a fixed date or anytime during the life of the transaction (e.g., American, European, Bermudan, Asian).	Y	Y
Option type	Put/call.	Y	Y
D. Event Data			
Action	Describes the type of event to the transaction (e.g., new transaction, modification or cancellation of existing transaction, etc.).	Y	N
Execution timestamp	The time and date of execution or novation of a transaction, expressed using Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).	Y	Y (If available)
Post-transaction events	Indicate whether the transaction resulted from a post-transaction service (e.g. compression, reconciliation, etc.) or from a lifecycle event (e.g. novation, amendment, etc.).	N	N
Reporting date	The time and date the transaction was submitted to the trade repository, expressed using UTC.	N	N
E. Valuation data	These additional fields are required to basis for all reported derivative transactions.		
Value of transaction calculated by the reporting counterparty	Mark-to-market valuation of the transaction, or mark-to-model valuation.	N	N
Valuation currency	Indicate the currency used when reporting the value of the transaction.	N	N
Valuation date	Date of the latest mark-to-market or mark-to-model valuation.	N	N
F. Other details	Where the terms of the transaction cannot be effectively reported in the above prescribed fields, provide any additional information that may be necessary.	N	Y

- **8.** Appendix B of the Regulation is repealed.
- **9.** This Regulation comes into force on October 31, 2014.